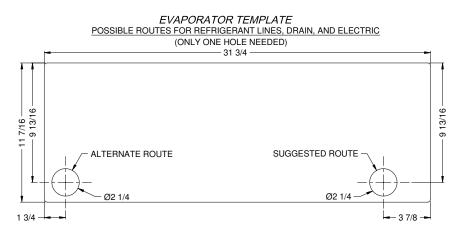
<u>Condenser</u> : <u>Voltage</u> 230/208-60-1	<u>HP</u> 1/3	Ampacity 4.9	<u>Max. Fuse</u> 15	Min. Wire Size 14-2 w/Gr	<u>RLA/LRA</u> 3.7/23.0	<u>dB</u> 52
> 1/4" x 1/2" line set. 80 equivalent feet maximum						
Unit is not precharged and must be evacuated						
$\blacktriangleright \underline{\text{Dimensions}}:$						
Indoor Unit: 25" x 20" x 14 1/2" Outdoor Unit: 27" x 20" x 20"						
Wall Mounted Evaporator:						
Voltage	-		Max. Fuse	Min. Wire Size	<u>Filter</u>	dB
230/208-6	0-1	12 Watts	15	14-2 w/Gr	Washable	48
Receives load voltage from condenser						
Line voltage run to condenser						
Train line is $7/16$ " I.D. and $5/8$ " O.D.						
\blacktriangleright <u>Dimensions</u> : 31 3/4" W x 11 7/16" H x 7 1/8" D						
Thermostat						

<u>Thermostat</u>:

- ➢ Honeywell T8400
- \blacktriangleright 18-gauge 2 wire to the condenser

Approximate Shipping Weight: 165-205 lbs

Crate Size: 31" x 37" x 41"T



The holes shown are the best locations to route the refrigerant lines, condensate drain, and electric. For installations where the line set will be accessible on the backside of the wall, use the suggested route. When that is not possible, and the line set will be run inside the wall before the drywall is installed, use the alternate route. This will leave the flare connections exposed so they can be connected after the walls are finished.