

# **Control the Elements**





Air Handler Wine Cellar Cooling Systems

**Owner's Manual** 

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### CONGRATULATIONS!

Thank you for purchasing a new CellarPro cooling system. Please take a minute to read this Owner's Manual before you unpack, install and turn on your Cooling Unit.

**STEP 1**: Please look through the boxes to make sure you have received the correct components you ordered and that they are all functioning before the installation.

Box 1 – Cooling unit and Accessories Box 2 – Duct Plates and Optional Humidifier

#### STEP 2: IF YOU PURCHASED A SPLIT SYSTEM

THE INSTALLING TECHNICIAN MUST COMPLETE AND SUBMIT OUR WARRANTY ACTIVATION CHECKLIST BEFORE WE CAN ACTIVATE YOUR WARRANTY. If we find any issue(s) after reviewing the checklist, the issue(s) must be resolved before we activate the warranty. If the unit malfunctions before the checklist is submitted, we will not be able to provide assistance until we receive a completed checklist. If the unit is damaged because of improper installation, repair services will be provided on a time and materials basis.



**To activate the warranty on a split system**, the installing technician must complete the Warranty Activation Checklist, which can be found on the last page of this Owner's Manual, or by scanning the QR code at left.

Once the Checklist is completed, it should be scanned and emailed to info@cellarpro.com, or faxed to 707.794.8005.

#### STEP 3 – IF YOU PURCHASED A SELF-CONTAINED COOLING UNIT

**To register the warranty on a self-contained cooling unit**, visit <u>www.cellarprocoolingsystems.com/register</u>, or scan the QR code at right. The serial number can be found on the printed label on your cooling unit. We recommend recording the serial number below for future reference:



Serial Number:

**STEP 4:** If you still have questions, please don't hesitate to contact your dealer, or reach us directly at:

CellarPro Cooling Systems 1445 N. McDowell Blvd Petaluma, CA 94954 877.726.8496 Email: <u>info@cellarprocoolingsystems.com</u> Website: <u>www.cellarprocoolingsystems.com</u>



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### I. Specifications, Cut Sheets and Cellar Construction

The following tables will provide information on the dimensions of the unit and how best to mount or locate the various models available.

#### **Specifications**

	H	Horizontal Self Contained									
	No Humdif	ier	With Humidifier								
	Dimensions	Weight	Dimensions WxDxH	Weight							
Model	WxDxH (inches)	(lbs)	(inches)	(lbs)							
AH6500SCh-ECC	18.6 x 37.1 x 19.3	161	33.0 x 37.1 x 18.5	181							
AH8500SCh-ECC	18.6 x 37.1 x 19.3	170	33.0 x 37.1 x 18.5	190							

		Vertical Self Contained									
	No Humdif	ier	With Humidifier								
	Dimensions	Weight	Dimensions WxDxH	Weight							
Model	WxDxH (inches)	(lbs)	(inches)	(lbs)							
AH6500SCv-ECC	18.6 x 18.6 x 37.8	161	33.0 x 18.6 x 37.8	181							
AH8500SCv-ECC	18.6 x 18.6 x 37.8	170	33.0 x 18.6 x 37.8	190							

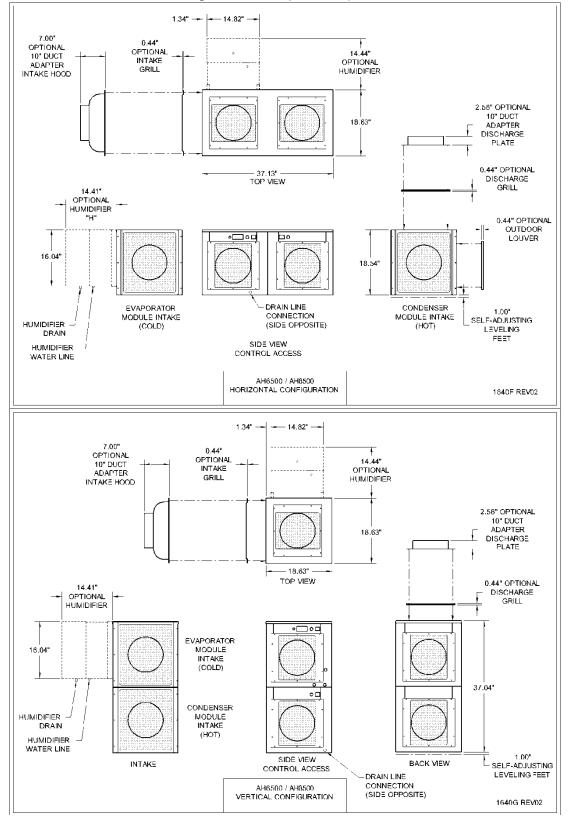
	Split	Split System Evaporator Module									
	No Humdif	ier	With Humidifier								
	Dimensions	Weight	Dimensions WxDxH	Weight							
Model	WxDxH (inches)	(lbs)	(inches)	(lbs)							
AH6500Si/Sx-ECC	18.6 x 18.6 x 19.3	60	33.0 x 18.6 x 19.3	80							
AH8500Si/Sx-ECC	18.6 x 18.6 x 19.3	60	33.0 x 18.6 x 19.3	80							

	Split System Condenser Module	
Model	Dimensions WxDxH (inches)	Weight (lbs)
AH6500Si/Sx-ECC	18.6 x 18.6 x 19.3	111
AH8500Si/Sx-ECC	18.6 x 18.6 x 19.3	120

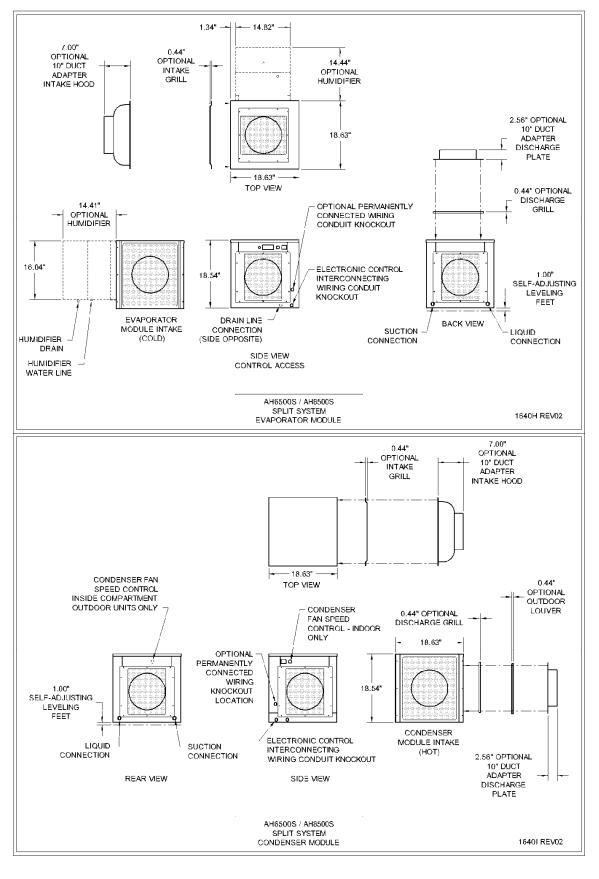


#### Cut Sheets

Note dimensions for mounting bolts and space required for installation.









#### **Cellar Construction**

#### Insulation

CellarPro cooling units are designed to be installed inside wine cellars that have proper insulation, moisture barriers and an airtight seal from the environment outside the

cellar. Interior walls and floor should have a minimum of R-11 insulation, and a vapor barrier on the warm side of the insulation. The ceiling should have a minimum of R-19 insulation and a vapor barrier on the warm side of the insulation. Doors also should be insulated and tightly sealed with weather-stripping around the perimeter of the door. Surface-mounted fixtures are recommended over recessed lighting, which can allow air to leak into the cellar.



It is important that all wall-

joints, doors and windows, electrical outlets and/or switches, pipes, vents and light fixtures be sealed to prevent air and moisture from entering the cellar. If there is a leak in the cellar, the cooling unit will build up excess condensation.

The condensate drain line and optional humidifier drain line must be connected to a suitable drain.

#### **Fan Speeds**

Your evaporator module fan speed setting will depend on the amount of ducting and thermal load on the wine cellar, and the resulting airflow and BTUH that is required to cool and maintain your wine cellar at the desired temperature. Your condensing module fan speed setting will depend on the condenser air intake temperature and the amount of ducting, allowing for sufficient airflow to reject the heat absorbed by the cooling system.

#### Ventilation

Adequate ventilation is critically important for the proper operation of your CellarPro cooling unit, particularly on the condenser (hot) side of the cooling unit.



**Condenser Air Exhaust/Intake.** Condensing units create significant hot air which must be exhausted into an appropriately-sized space in order for the heat to dissipate. If the space is constrained and/or too small, the heat will not dissipate. In this event, the cooling unit will be forced to re-circulate its hot air exhaust and/or the static pressure will back up the cooling unit. If this happens, the cooling unit's ability to create cold air inside the cellar will be compromised. In addition, the cooling unit must be installed so that, after its installation, the condenser coils are accessible for periodic cleaning.

**Evaporator Air Exhaust/Intake.** When the warm air from the cellar passes across the evaporator coils, heat is removed from the air, and the resulting cold air is exhausted into the cellar. On non-ducted installations, a minimum clearance of 12" is required from all air intake and discharge locations to maintain proper airflow. Cold air exhaust must be located at the highest point inside wine cellars, the cold air exhaust eventually will drop to the bottom of the cellar. To ensure proper airflow and reduce temperature stratification inside the cellar, the space in front of the cold air discharge should be clear of any obstructions, including wine bottles, wine racks, etc.

**Evaporator/Condenser Ducting.** CellarPro Air Handlers exhaust and return (hot and cold side) can be ducted up to 50 equivalent feet (100' total equivalent feet exhaust and return) with 10" diameter ducting. With our units we offer duct adaptors and ducting that attach to either the evaporator or condenser module.

#### **Duct Sizing Table**

Model	Fan Airflow High Speed Evaporator / Condenser (CFM)	Supply/Return Flex Duct Diameter	Maximum Ducting External Static Pressure (inwg)
AH6500 / AH8500	625	10"	0.25



#### **II. Installation Instructions**

#### **Configuration Options**

The Air Handler comes in three basic configurations:

**Horizontal configuration** - which can be installed inside or outside the cellar. Additionally it can be installed through the wall with a portion of the unit in the cellar and outside the cellar.

**Vertical configuration** – this is the 'stacked' option which is a space saving approach.

**Split configuration** – with the evaporator in the cellar (ductless) or outside (ducted) and with the condenser either inside or outside the house or building.

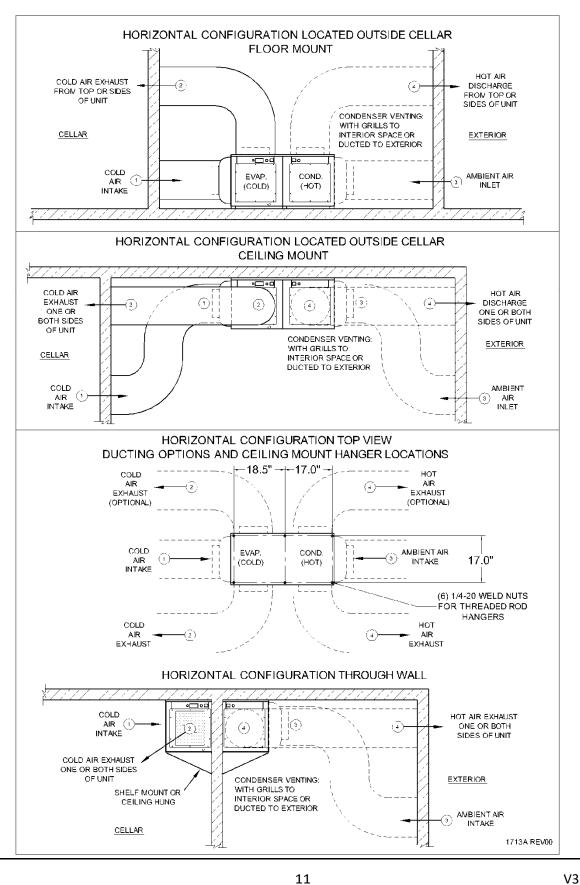
#### 1. Horizontal Configuration

Through wall: The unit is installed through the cellar wall with the evaporator module inside the cellar, and the condenser module outside. The unit requires a mounting shelf, sized to fit the width and depth of the unit and strong enough to support the weight of the unit. The unit is secured to the mounting shelf using (4) 1/4-20 bolts secured to captive nuts located in the bottom corners of the unit (note: the provided leveling feet must be removed). The condenser can be provided with grills to vent the air, or duct adapters to duct the intake, discharge, or both. The condenser module can also pass through the cellar wall to an outdoor exposure by installing optional outdoor louvers to the intake and discharge air panel openings.

Remote ducted: The unit is mounted remote to the cellar, and the evaporator module intake and discharge air are ducted to the cellar. The condenser can be provided with grills to vent the air, or duct adapters to duct the intake, discharge, or both. The condenser module can also pass through an exterior wall to an outdoor exposure by installing optional outdoor louvers to the intake and discharge air panel openings. The unit may be floor mounted on the leveling feet provided, or flush to the floor with the leveling feel removed. The unit may be ceiling hung using six 1/4-20 threaded rods (field provided), attaching to captive nuts provided in the top corners and middle edges of the unit.

Inside cellar: The unit can be mounted inside the cellar, provided that the condenser intake and discharge are ducted to a suitably ventilated area outside the cellar.





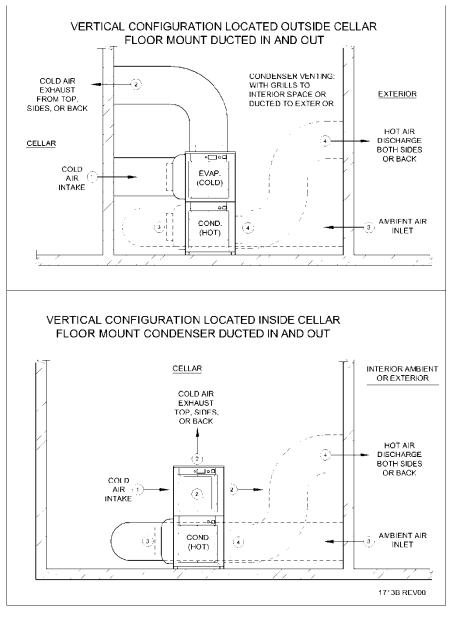


#### 2. Vertical Configuration

Through wall: Vertical units cannot be mounted in a through wall configuration.

Remote ducted: Vertical units can be mounted remotely with the evaporator intake and discharge air are ducted to the cellar. The condenser can be configured with grills to vent the air provided that the location is suitably ventilated, or with duct adapters for ducting the intake, discharge, or both to a suitably ventilated area. The unit may be floor mounted on the provided leveling feet, or flush to the floor with the leveling feel removed. The unit cannot be ceiling hung, and cannot be installed outdoors.

Inside cellar: Vertical units can be located inside the cellar, with the condenser intake and discharge ducted to a suitably ventilated area outside the cellar.





#### 3. Split Configuration

Models in the Split Configuration can be mounted as follows, with interconnecting wiring and refrigerant piping field provided by an experienced Refrigeration contractor:

Remote ducted: The unit is mounted remote to the cellar, and the evaporator module intake and discharge air are ducted to the cellar. The condenser can be provided with grills to vent the air, or duct adapters to duct the intake, discharge, or both. The condenser module can also be located outdoors by installing optional outdoor louvers to the intake and discharge air panel openings. The separate modules may be floor mounted on leveling feet, or flush to the floor with the leveling feel removed. Each module may be ceiling hung using four 1/4-20 threaded rods per module (field provided), attaching to captive nuts provided in the top corners of the module.

Inside cellar: The evaporator module can be mounted inside the cellar as follows:

- The module may be floor or shelf-mounted, or flush to the floor or shelf with the leveling-feet removed. If shelf mounted, the evaporator module requires a mounting shelf designed to support the weight of the module, and secured by four 1/4-20 bolts secured to weld nuts located in the bottom corners.
- The module may be ceiling hung using four 1/4-20 threaded rods (field provided), attaching to captive nuts provided in the top corners of the module.

#### **Condensing Units - Indoor**

- Condensing units can be installed remotely from the cellar in an area protected from direct exposure to moisture and sunlight.
- The area must have adequate ventilation to maintain a temperature of 110°F or less.
- The condensing unit is designed to operate in temperatures ranging from -20°F to 110°F, as follows.
  - Our compressor heater (ordered separately) is required for temperatures below 40° F
  - When the condensing unit will be exposed to temperatures below 20° F, the unit must be configured with electronic control, and our fan cycling switch (ordered separately) is required
- If the area does not have adequate ventilation, a vent fan should be added to supply fresh air to the space.
- On units that are not ducted, a minimum of 12" of open air space is required in front of the intake and discharge air panels.

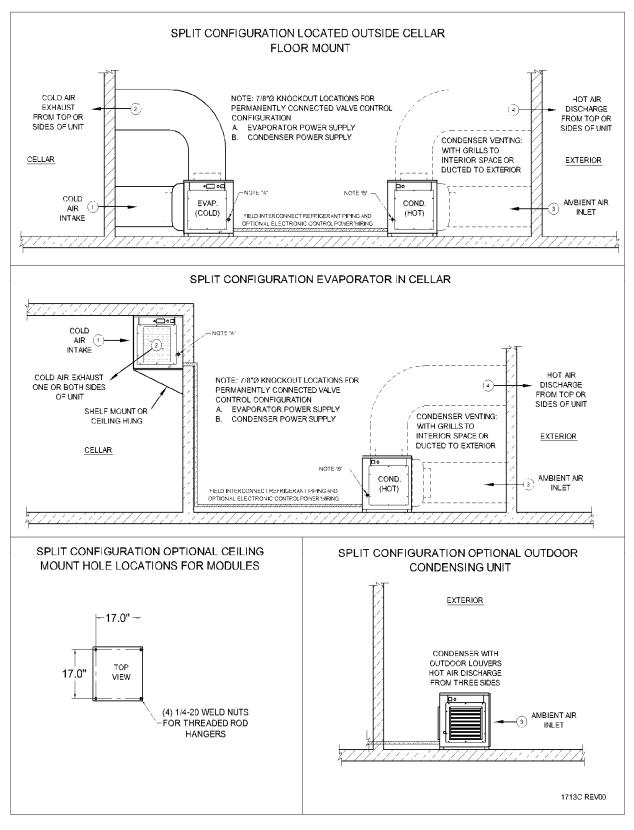
#### **Condensing Units - Outdoor**

• Both the Horizontal and Split configurations can be installed with the Condenser module located outdoors, with optional outdoor louvers installed in the air intake and discharge positions.



- The condensing unit is designed to operate in temperatures ranging from -20°F to 110°F, as follows.
  - $\circ~$  Our compressor heater (included with outdoor units) is required for temperatures below 40° F
  - When the condensing unit will be exposed to temperatures below 20° F, the unit must be configured with electronic control, and our fan cycling switch (ordered separately) is required
- A minimum of 12" of open air space is required in front of the intake and discharge air panels.
- Knockouts are provided in the unit housing for field connection of conduit. The conduit must be liquid tight and approved for outdoor use. Conduit fittings shall be in accordance with UL 514B.
- **PLEASE NOTE:** Our units were not designed for, and our warranty does not cover damage from, marine exposure (within 5 miles of the ocean). In these environments, you will need an applied coating, such as Insitu®, to protect against corrosion that is common in coastal regions.

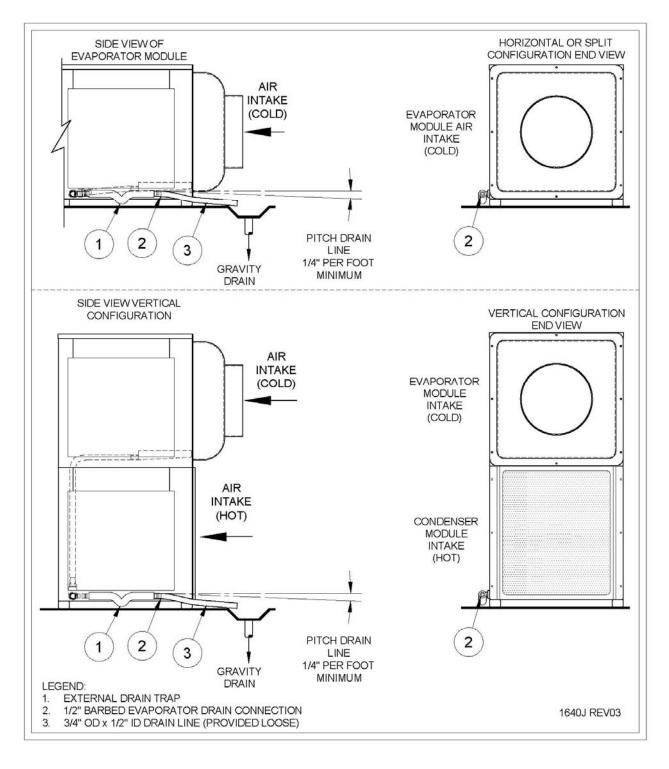






#### **Condensate Drain Line – Description and Layout**

The Air Handler has been designed to minimize the amount of condensation created when cooling. The condensate that does form on the evaporator will gather in a tray and be channeled to the drain, through a small trap, and then out through the side of the unit where it exits via a barbed fitting.





#### **Power Supply Requirements**

Each of the 2 sections of the cooling unit, ie the evaporator and condenser, requires its own power source or cord. The amps and watts for the configurations are listed below.

			AH6500SCh-E	CC / AH6500	SCv-ECC - D	ual Cord	Connected				
	E	aporator			Condense			System			
	Amps		Power Input	Amps			Power Input	Total Power			
	(FLA)	Breaker		(FLA)	Compressor	Breaker	Watts	Input Watts			
	115V/60HZ	Size	High/Med/Low	115V/60HZ	LRA	Size	High/Med/Low	High/Med/Low			
Standard	4.4	15	420/310/255	11.5	53.0	20	824	1244/1134/1079			
	TO PAPER IN 19	1100001	CELEVAL STOLEN MACHINE CONTRACTOR		PL POPESTE STOLE						
w/ Humidifier	5.4	15	535/425/370	11.5	53.0	20	824	1359/1249/1194			
w/ 900W Heating	10.6	15	1220/1150/1125	11.5	53.0	20	824	1359/1249/1194			
			Allosopoch E	CC ( AU0500	00. F00 B	ual Cand	Commented				
		vaporator	AH8500SCh-E		Condense			System			
				Amno				System			
l	Amps		Power Input	Amps	~	<b>B</b>	Power Input	TILD			
	(FLA)	Breaker		(FLA)	Compressor	Breaker	Watts	Total Power			
	115V/60HZ	Size	High/Med/Low	115V/60HZ	LRA	Size	High/Med/Low	Input Watts			
Standard	4.4	15	420/310/255	11.4	54.5	20	958	1378/1268/1213			
w/ Humidifier	5.4	15	535/425/370	11.4	54.5	20	958	1493/1383/1328			
w/ 900W Heating	10.6	15	1220/1150/1125	11.4	54.5	20	958	1493/1383/1328			
	Option A: AH6500S-ECC Valve Control - Dual Permanently Connected										
	F	aporator			Condense			System			
	Amps	aporator	Power Input	Amps			Power Input	Cystom			
	(MCA)	Breaker	23 C	(MCA)	Compressor	Breaker	Watts	Total Power			
	115V/60HZ	Size		115V/60HZ		Size		성장님께 다 여행 영향에 가지 않는 것 같은 것 같아.			
Standard	A MONTANA SAN ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	High/Med/Low	<ol> <li>O. OVALABULIC/0221753</li> </ol>	LRA 52.0	U. 70.0270.251	High/Med/Low 924/884/854	Input Watts			
Standard	3.5	15	320/250/225	15.8	53.0	25		1244/1134/1079			
w/ Humidifier	4.5	15	435/365/340	15.8	53.0	25	924/884/854	1359/1249/1194			
w/ 900W Heating	11.3	15	1220/1150/1125	15.8	53.0	25	924/884/854	1359/1249/1194			
			tion A: AH8500S	-ECC Valve C							
	E	vaporator			Condense	er Module		System			
	Amps		Power Input	Amps			Power Input				
	(MCA)	Breaker	Watts	(MCA)	Compressor	Breaker	Watts	Total Power			
	115V/60HZ	Size	High/Med/Low	115V/60HZ	LRA	Size	High/Med/Low	Input Watts			
Standard	3.5	15	320/250/225	15.7	54.5	25	1058/1018/988	1378/1268/1213			
	0.0		OLO/LUO/LLU				1000/1010/000				
w/ Humidifier	15	15	135/365/340	15.7	54.5	25	1058/1018/988	1/03/1383/1328			
	4.5	15 15	435/365/340	15.7 15.7	54.5 54.5	25 25	1058/1018/988 1058/1018/988	The second s			
w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating	11.3	15	1220/1150/1125	15.7	54.5	25	1058/1018/988	1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328			
	11.3 Option B	15 : AH6500	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni	15.7 c Control -	54.5	25 AH8500S-	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic (	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single			
	11.3 Option B	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri	1220/1150/1125 DS-ECC Electroni manently Connec	15.7 c Control -	54.5	25 AH8500S- Perma	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( mently Connecte	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single			
	11.3 Option B Si	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni	15.7 c Control -	54.5 Option B: A	25 AH8500S- Perma	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic (	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single			
	11.3 Option B Si Amps	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri T	1220/1150/1125 DS-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System	15.7 c Control - cted	54.5 Option B: A Amps	25 AH8500S Perma	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( inently Connecte Total System	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d			
	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA)	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri	1220/1150/1125 DS-ECC Electroni manently Connec	15.7 c Control -	54.5 Option B: A	25 AH8500S- Perma	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( mently Connecte	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single			
	11.3 Option B Si Amps	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri T	1220/1150/1125 DS-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System	15.7 c Control - cted	54.5 Option B: A Amps	25 AH8500S Perma	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( inently Connecte Total System	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d			
	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA)	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri T Breaker	1220/1150/1125 <b>IS-ECC Electroni</b> manently Connec otal System Total Power	15.7 c Control - cted Compressor	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA)	25 AH8500S Perma Breaker	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( inently Connecte Total System Total Power	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor			
w/900W Heating	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ	15 : AH6500 ngle Perr T Breaker Size	1220/1150/1125 <b>S-ECC Electroni</b> manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts	15.7 c Control - cted Compressor LRA 53.0	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ	25 Perma Breaker Size	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( inently Connecte Total System Total Power Input Watts	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA			
w/ 900W Heating Standard	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6	15 : AH6500 ngle Perr T Breaker Size 25	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079	15.7 c Control - cted Compressor LRA	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5	25 AH8500S Perma Breaker Size 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( inently Connecte Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5			
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w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 En Amps	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 0pti /aporator	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low	15.7 c Control - cted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 CC Electron	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 ic Control Du Condensor LRA	25 AH8500S- Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( mently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 mently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 Contemporation of the second sec	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts	15.7 c Control - .ted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 CC Electron Amps (MCA)	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 ic Control Du Condense Compressor	25 AH8500S Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( nently Connecte Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 nently Connecte Power Input Watts	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1075			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 Contemporal (MCA) 115V/60HZ	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker Size	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low	15.7 c Control - .ted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 cCC Electron Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 14.2	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 ic Control Du Condensor LRA	25 AH8500S- Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( mently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 mently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1075			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 200 Control Control Contr	15 <b>: AH6500</b> ngle Peri T Breaker Size 25 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker Size 15	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340	15.7 c Control - .ted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 ic Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0	25 AH8500S- Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic G nently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 nently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/884/854	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1075 1359/1249/1194			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier	11.3 Option B Si (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 (MCA) 115V/60HZ 5.1 6.1	15 <b>: AH6500</b> ngle Peri T Breaker Size 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225	15.7 c Control - .ted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 ic Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0	25 AH8500S- Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic ( mently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 mently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1075 1359/1249/1194			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier	11.3 Option B Si (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 (MCA) 115V/60HZ 5.1 6.1	15 <b>AH650</b> 0 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 15	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340	15.7 c Control - 	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0	25 Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic G mently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 mently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/884/854	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1075 1359/1249/1194			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 19.6 11.5 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 11.5 10.6 10.6 11.5 10.6 11.5 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.5 10.6 10.5 10.6 10.5 10.6 10.5	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 15	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340 1220/1150/1125 on C: AH8500S-E	15.7 c Control - 	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0	25 Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic G mently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 mently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 10.6	15 <b>AH650</b> 0 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 15	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340 1220/1150/1125 on C: AH8500S-E Module	15.7 c Control - cted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0	25 Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic C mently Connecte Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 mently Connecte Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 mently Connecte	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1075 1359/1249/1194			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 10.7	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 0pti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 0pti /aporator	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340 1220/1150/1125 on C: AH8500S-E Module Power Input	15.7 c Control - cted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 ic Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 ic Control Du Condense	25 Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic C mently Connecte Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 mently Connecte Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 d System			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 10.7	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 0pti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 15 0pti /aporator Breaker Breaker Size 25 25 0pti Breaker	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340 1220/1150/1125 on C: AH8500S-E Module Power Input Watts	15.7 c Control - cted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 CC Electron Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 CC Electron	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 ic Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 ic Control Du Condense Compressor	25 AH8500S Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic C mently Connecte Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 nently Connecte Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854 924/884/854	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1073 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 d System Total Power			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 10.6 19.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.7	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 0pti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 15 0pti /aporator Breaker Size	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340 1220/1150/1125 on C: AH8500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low	15.7 c Control - .ted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 CC Electron Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 CC Electron Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 Condense Compressor LRA	25 AH8500S Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic C nently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 nently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/84/854 924/854 92	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1075 1359/1249/1192 1359/1249/1192 d System Total Power Input Watts			
Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard	11.3 Option B Si (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 (MCA) 115V/60HZ 5.1 6.1 12.9 C Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 5.1	15 <b>: AH6500</b> ngle Peri T Breaker Size 25 25 25 Opti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 Opti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340 1220/1150/1125 on C: AH8500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225	15.7 c Control - .ted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0	54.5 <b>Option B: A</b> Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 <b>ic Control Du</b> Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0	25 AH8500S- Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 al Perma er Module Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic G nently Connecter Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 nently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/84/854	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 d System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213			
w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating Standard w/ Humidifier w/ 900W Heating	11.3 Option B Si Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.6 19.6 10.6 19.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.7	15 : AH6500 ngle Peri Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 0pti /aporator Breaker Size 15 15 15 0pti /aporator Breaker Size	1220/1150/1125 S-ECC Electroni manently Connec otal System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 on C: AH6500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 320/250/225 435/365/340 1220/1150/1125 on C: AH8500S-E Module Power Input Watts High/Med/Low	15.7 c Control - .ted Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 CC Electron Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 cC Electron Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ	54.5 Option B: A Amps (MCA) 115V/60HZ 18.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 Control Du Condense Compressor LRA 53.0 53.0 53.0 53.0 Condense Compressor LRA	25 AH8500S Perma Breaker Size 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1058/1018/988 ECC Electronic C nently Connecter Total System Total Power Input Watts 1378/1268/1213 1493/1383/1328 1493/1383/1328 nently Connecter Power Input Watts High/Med/Low 924/884/854 924/84/854 924/854 92	1493/1383/1328 Control - Single d Compressor LRA 54.5 54.5 54.5 d System Total Power Input Watts 1244/1134/1079 1359/1249/1194 1359/1249/1194 d System Total Power			

Notes:

1. Electrical ratings are for evaporator and condenser fans set on high speed.

2. Circuit Breakers must be non-GFI type.



#### System Wiring

#### 1. Self Contained Configuration / Cord Connected

Models in the Horizontal or Vertical configurations are provided with two power cords for connection to two dedicated 115V/60HZ power receptacles. Each power receptacle must be on a separate circuit breaker, sized by model and module according to the Power Supply Requirements table. Both power cords must be connected for the unit to operate.

Refer to the wiring diagrams in Appendix C (Standard Controller) or Appendix M (Networkable Thermostat).

#### 2. Split Configuration

#### **Option A: Valve Control Dual Permanently Connected \***

Models in the Split Permanently Connected configuration must be field wired to two dedicated 115V / 60HZ circuit breakers, sized by model and module according to the Power Supply Requirements data table. Field power wiring for both the evaporator module and condenser module is shown in the Wiring Diagram Appendix Table. Wiring must be sized to the load, copper conductors only, and done in accordance with code requirements for the installation.

Under this configuration the Evaporator and Condenser modules are separately powered, and the Condenser module turns on and off based on suction pressure, as follows:

- The Evaporator module includes a factory installed liquid line solenoid valve (LLSV), which is controlled by the Evaporator temperature controller. The Condenser module is controlled by a low pressure switch which reacts to the suction pressure and senses whether the LLSV is open or closed.
- When the Evaporator temperature set-point is reached and the Evaporator turns off, the LLSV closes, causing the system to pump down until the low pressure switch shuts off the Condenser module.
- When the Evaporator turns on, the LLSV opens, causing the suction pressure to rise and activate the Condenser module.

Field power wiring is connected to both the Evaporator and Condenser module, no interconnecting wiring is needed between the Evaporator and Condensing modules.

## Option B: Electronic Control, Single Permanently Connected with Module Interconnect Wiring \*

Models in the Split Single Permanently Connected configuration must be field wired to a single dedicated 115V / 60HZ circuit breaker, sized by model according to the Power Supply Requirements data table. Field power wiring is required to connect the evaporator module to the condenser. Marked field connection terminal blocks are provided in each module for the main power and interconnecting wiring. Field power wiring for both the evaporator module and condenser module is shown in the

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Wiring Diagram Appendix Table. Wiring must be sized to the load, copper conductors only, and done in accordance with code requirements for the installation.

## Option C: Electronic Control Dual Permanently Connected with Module Interconnect Wiring \*

Models in the Split Dual Permanently Connected configuration must be field wired to two dedicated 115V / 60HZ circuit breakers, sized by model and module according to the Power Supply Requirements data table. Both power supplies must be connected for the unit to operate. Field power wiring is required to connect the evaporator module to the condenser. Marked field connection terminal blocks are provided in each module for the main power and interconnecting wiring. Field power wiring for both the evaporator module and condenser module is shown in the Wiring Diagram Appendix Table. Wiring must be sized to the load, copper conductors only, and done in accordance with code requirements for the installation.

#### \* Important Wiring Notes

If your system is equipped with a compressor heater, make sure it is wired to be energized even when the system is idle.

If the system has been sitting idle without the compressor heater energized for more than 24 hours, or if starting up the system in a cold ambient, it is critical to warm the bottom shell of the compressor above the ambient temperature for 30 minutes before running the system to drive excess refrigerant out of the compressor oil.

For units configured with a single power source / electronic control, the compressor heater requires a dedicated line power wire from the evaporator to the compressor heater. If the power line does not exist, the compressor heater will need to be wired to an external constant power supply.

A **low pressure control** is included standard on all split system condensing units. In both Dual Power / Valve Control and Single Power / Electronic Control configurations, the low pressure control will cycle the compressor off in the event that the system experiences a major loss of refrigerant, thereby protecting the compressor from damage.

In Dual Power / Valve Control configurations, the low pressure control is required and works in conjunction with the liquid solenoid valve to turn the condensing unit off and on. In Single Power / Electronic Control configurations, the low pressure control is optional. In rare instances, when climates drop below 20F, the low pressure control may prevent the compressor from activating during a normal call for cooling. In these cases, you may choose to disable the low pressure control by installing a jumper wire to electrically bypass the control from the circuit.



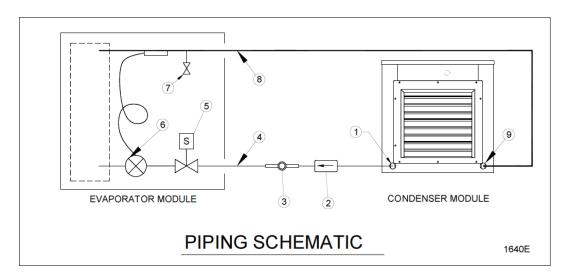
Please refer to the wiring diagram for your configuration in the table below. Note the difference between 1. Your model, 2. Your choice of wiring configuration and 3. Your choice of Controller/Thermostat.

System Wiring Configuration	AH6500SCh / AH6500SCv	AH8500SCh / AH8500SCv	AH6500Si / AH6500Sx	AH8500Si / AH8500Sx	Unit Controller Probe Wiring
Standard and Remote Controller					
Cord Connected	Appendix A M2500-6_R00	Appendix B M2500-8_R00	n/a	n/a	Appendix C M1634-03_R00
Option A: Valve Control Dual Permanently Connected	n/a	n/a	Appendix D M2502-6_R00	Appendix E M2502-8_R00	Appendix F M1634-04_R00
Option B: Electronic Control Single Permanently Connected with Module Interconnect Wiring	n/a	n/a	Appendix G M2501-6_R00	Appendix H M2501-8_R00	Appendix F M1634-04_R00
Option C: Electronic Control Dual Permanently Connected with Module Interconnect Wiring	n/a	n/a	Appendix I M2503-6_R00	Appendix J M2503-8_R00	Appendix F M1634-04_R00
Networkable Thermostat					
Cord Connected	Appendix K M2504-6_R00	Appendix L M2504-8_R00	n/a	n/a	Appendix M M2207-10_R00
Option A: Valve Control Dual Permanently Connected	n/a	n/a	Appendix N M2506-6_R00	Appendix O M2506-8_R00	Appendix P M2207-11_R00
Option B: Electronic Control Single Permanently Connected with Module Interconnect Wiring	n/a	n/a	Appendix Q M2505-6_R00	Appendix R M2505-8_R00	Appendix P M2207-11_R00
Option C: Electronic Control Dual Permanently Connected with Module Interconnect Wiring	n/a	n/a	Appendix S M2507-6_R00	Appendix T M2507-8_R00	Appendix P M2207-11_R00



#### Installing Refrigeration Lines

The Evaporator and Condensing units should be piped according to the following piping schematic:



#### Piping Legend

- 1. The 3/8"ODS liquid connection located on Condenser Module.
- 2. Hermetic liquid line filter drier (shipped loose). Install with the directional flow arrow as shown.
- 3. Liquid line sight glass with moisture indicator (shipped loose).
- 4. Liquid line refrigeration piping in accordance with Line Sizing Chart.
- 5. Factory installed liquid line solenoid valve (normally closed) (Valve Control configurations only).
- 6. Factory installed thermostatic expansion valve.
- 7. Factory installed suction service valve to use for setting expansion valve superheat.
- 8. Insulated suction line refrigeration piping in accordance with Line Sizing Chart.
- 9. 3/8"ODS suction connection located on Condenser Module.



#### Line Sizing Chart

Refer to the Line Sizing Chart below for selecting the appropriate tubing size for the length of the piping run. Note that the recommended line size may not match the connection ports on the Condensing unit and the Evaporator. Refrigeration grade fittings must be supplied by the installing technician to make the necessary transitions. **Transitions should be made as close to the unit as possible**. Suction line routing must be designed to ensure oil return to the Condensing unit.

#### **Split System Line Sizing Chart**

			Suction Line Size by Length ("ODS)					
Model	Liquid Line Size ("ODS) Up to 100 feet	Minimum Suction Line Insulation Thickness (in)	Up to 25 feet	Over 50 feet up to 100 feet				
AH6500S	3/8	1/2	1/2	5/8	5/8			
AH8500S	3/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	7/8			

Notes:

1) Line lengths are expressed in equivalent feet = actual run length + fitting allowances.

2) Chart includes allowances for Condensing Unit Service Valves, Filter Drier, and Sight Glass.

3) Use only dehydrated refrigeration service tubing and refrigeration grade fittings.

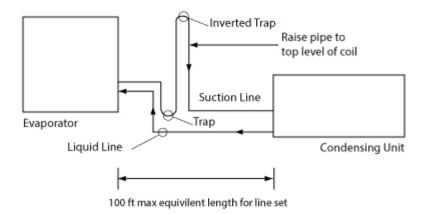
4) Install refrigeration piping in accordance with local codes and ASHRAE guidelines.

#### Vertical Piping Guidelines

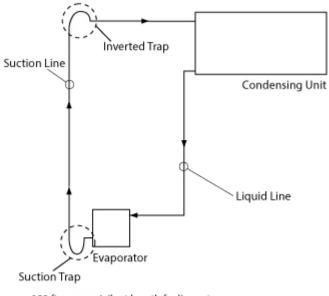
Piping runs should be kept as short and compact as possible. Low-lying areas (oil "traps") where oil can accumulate should be avoided. Refer to the following guidelines with regards to the vertical placement of the evaporator and condensing units:



1. When the evaporator and condensing unit are located on the same level, pipe suction line with inverted trap as shown to prevent liquid migration to the compressor during the off cycle. Pitch the suction line **slightly downward** to the condensing unit:



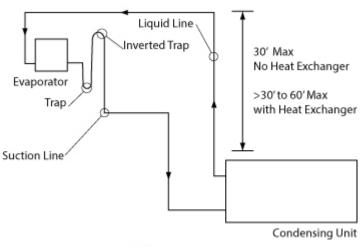
2. When the evaporator is located below the condensing unit, a suction trap must be installed at the evaporator, and an inverted trap must be installed at the condensing unit, for proper oil return, as follows:



100 ft max equivilent length for line set

**3. When the evaporator is located above the condensing unit**, pipe suction line with inverted trap as shown to prevent liquid migration to the compressor during the off cycle. The vertical lift of the liquid line is limited to 30 feet. The lift may be increased to 60 feet if an optional liquid/suction Heat Exchanger is added to the field piping.





100 ft max equivilent length for line set

#### Evacuation, Leak Detection, and Charging

Important note: The condensing unit and evaporator are shipped with a nitrogen holding charge. Please verify positive pressure through the access valve prior to installation. If you cannot verify the holding charge, please contact Cellarpro at 707.794.8000.

Once the piping is installed, the following steps should be performed to ensure a dry and leak-free system:

- 1. The Condensing unit is pre-charged with compressor oil. To avoid moisture contamination of the oil, do not leave the system open to atmosphere for more than 15 minutes.
- 2. Dual Power Source / Valve Control Systems Only: Supply power to the Evaporator only DO NOT connect power to the Condensing unit. Turn on the temperature controller, which will energize and open the liquid line solenoid valve. Verify the solenoid is powered as indicated by the compressor icon ("snowflake") on the temperature controller display.
- 3. Pressurize the system to a maximum of 150PSIG of dry nitrogen. It is important to add nitrogen though both the high and low side access valves on the condensing unit to make sure the system is fully pressurized. Mark the pressure and hold for a minimum of 1 hour. If the pressure holds, proceed to the next step, otherwise locate and repair the leak and repeat this step.
- 4. **Evacuate the system to a minimum of 500 microns.** It is important to pull a vacuum though both the high and low side access valves on the condensing unit to make sure the system is fully evacuated. If the vacuum is achieved, proceed to the next step, otherwise locate and repair the leak and repeat from step 4.



- 5. Disconnect the vacuum pump, but leave the system under vacuum. Use a charging scale to accurately weigh in the refrigerant. Charge liquid R-134a refrigerant through the liquid service valve according to the charge pounds indicated in the "System R-134a Charge Guidelines" chart below. Additional refrigerant may need to be added, using the steps outlined below. DO NOT USE REFRIGERANT WITH ADDITIVES.
- 6. Important: The most common causes of compressor failure are refrigerant overcharge, adding liquid refrigerant through the suction access valve, and cold compressor starts. If your system is equipped with a compressor heater, make sure this is wired to be energized even when the system is idle. If starting up the system in a cold ambient, or if the system has been sitting idle without the compressor heater energized for more than 24 hours, it is critical to warm the bottom shell of the compressor above the ambient temperature for 30 minutes to drive excess refrigerant out of the compressor oil.
- 7. Connect power to the Evaporator and Condensing unit, and activate the system. IMPORTANT: If the system does not power up after the start up delay (factory preset is 3 minutes; recommended to be changed to 30 minutes after installation per instructions below), verify field wiring according to the appropriate wiring diagram. If correct, disconnect power from the system and contact Cellarpro at 707.794.8000.

Measure pressures and temperatures to verify the system is within normal operating limits as indicated on the Split System Data Sheet. A loose copy of the Data Sheet is provided with the unit, and an additional copy is included at the end of this manual. The condensing pressure must be above 105 PSIG when taking these measurements. In a low ambient environment, it may be necessary to temporarily block off the condenser air intake to force the condensing pressure higher. Do not run the system if the suction superheat at the condensing unit is below 20°F.

- 8. It may be necessary to slightly adjust the charge amount after weighing in the recommended initial charge. 1) Not enough refrigerant: If the Evaporator is not providing enough cooling, the system may be undercharged. If liquid subcooling is below 10°F and the suction superheat is well above the minimum of 20°F, slowly add vapor refrigerant though the suction service valve until the subcooling is within specifications. 2) Too much refrigerant: If the suction superheat is above this minimum limit.
- 9. (Optional) It should not be necessary to manually adjust the thermostatic expansion valve superheat from the factory default setting. However if desired, the superheat may be adjusted as follows: 1) Remove the cork tape insulation from the expansion valve body to locate the cap on the superheat stem, and unscrew the cap using a 5/32 in. Allen wrench. 2) Using a 5/32 in. Allen wrench, locate the setting spindle inside the superheat stem and make superheat adjustments ¼ turn at a time (¼ turn≈1°F). Turning clockwise increases superheat. Turning counter-clockwise decreases superheat. The target superheat at the evaporator is 10°F +/- 2°F. 3) Reinstall the cap and cork tape insulation.



- 10. Confirm that the compressor, condenser fan, and evaporator fan(s) are energized. Allow the system to balance for 30 minutes, then record all readings on the Data Sheet and submit to CellarPro for warranty activation review.
- 11. Observe that the condensing unit turns on when the "snowflake" icon on the temperature display is lit solid (not blinking), and turns off when the "snowflake" icon turns off. It may be necessary to temporarily raise the set point to force the unit to cycle off. If the condensing unit does not cycle on/off in conjunction with the "snowflake" icon, please contact the factory for assistance.
- 12. Once the system is confirmed to be running properly, enter the following programming change so that the startup delay increases from 3 to 30 minutes:
  - a. On the control panel, press and hold the "SET" and "DOWN ARROW" buttons AT THE SAME TIME for 3 seconds (the display will briefly flash).
  - b. Release when the display starts blinking.
  - c. Quickly repeat the same process ie press and hold the "SET" and "DOWN ARROW" buttons AT THE SAME TIME, this time for 7 seconds ("Pr2" will briefly flash on the display).
  - d. Using the "UP ARROW" or "DOWN ARROW" button, scroll through the parameters until "odS" is displayed.
  - e. Press "SET" and change the setting to 30.
  - f. Press "SET" to accept the change.

#### Installation Tips and Guidelines

- Make sure all electrical connections are secure.
- Inspect Evaporator and Condensing unit fans to confirm airflow. There shouldn't be any excessive vibration, noise or obstructions to airflow.
- Observe system pressures and temperatures during charging and initial operation and keep note of them as they will be required for the Service and Support Data Sheet which initiates the warranty.
- Do not overcharge or use refrigerant with additives.
- Remember that bubbles in a sight glass may be caused by a restriction as well as a shortage of refrigerant. A properly charged system still may have small bubbles in the sight glass, so use actual superheat and subcooling readings to charge the system.



- Do not leave unit unattended until the system has reached normal operating conditions, and the system has been observed properly cycling on/off to the desired set point and differential.
- Make sure all access valve caps are in place and tight.

#### Split System R-134a Charge Guidelines

Weigh in the R-134a refrigerant via the liquid service valve according to the chart below:

	System R-134a Charge Guidelines																	
Actual Line Length		System Charge (Ibs) by Split System Model																
(ft)	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
AH6500S	3.72	3.92	4.12	4.33	4.53	4.74	4.94	5.15	5.35	5.55	5.76	5.96	6.17	6.37	6.57	6.78	6.98	7.18
AH8500S	3.72	3.92	4.13	4.33	4.53	4.74	4.94	5.15	5.44	5.66	5.87	6.09	6.30	6.51	6.73	6.94	7.16	7.37

Note:

1) Actual charge may vary - follow charging instructions detailed under Item 6 in the section titled **Evacuation, Leak Detection, and Charging** (above).

2) Lines sized according to Line Sizing Chart assuming actual line length plus 10 equivalent feet for fitting losses

#### Summary

Keep in mind the following guidelines when selecting your wine cooling unit from CellarPro:

- If the cellar is too large for the cooling unit, the cooling unit will be unable to maintain proper, even temperatures inside the cellar.
- Without proper insulation and an airtight environment, the cooling unit effectively will become a de-humidifier and potentially will produce buckets of water.
- Without access to cool air, either because of improper ventilation or because the environments is too hot, the cooling unit will be unable to maintain proper temperatures inside the cellar.
- When the cooling unit will be exposed to temperatures below 40°F, a compressor heater must be added to protect the compressor.

Under any of the above conditions, the unit's internal components may become damaged, the expected useful life of the wine cooling unit may be adversely affected, and the product's warranty may become null and void.



#### III. Operating Instructions

#### Overview

CellarPro cooling units are designed to maintain optimal conditions for wine storage and aging. These conditions include steady, cool temperatures, high humidity, minimal vibration and light, and clean air. he settings on your CellarPro cooling unit have been preset and optimized by the factory. Before changing any settings below, we recommend waiting 14 days to allow the cooling unit to "break in."

The cooling unit is designed to cool the cellar gently without stripping moisture out of the cellar environment. Therefore, it is not uncommon for the cooling unit to run nonstop for up to a week initially, depending on the temperature inside the cellar, the size of the cellar, and the temperature of the ambient environment. Once the cellar has reached equilibrium, it is normal for the cooling unit to run as much as 75 percent of the time.

CellarPro cooling units are designed to maintain optimal temperatures for *storing and aging* fine wine. CellarPro cooling units are not designed to maintain temperatures for *serving* wine, which tend to be much colder than storage temperatures, especially serving temperatures for white and sparkling wines.

**CellarPro cooling units must be used, stored, moved and/or shipped in the upright position.** Be careful when turning the unit on its side. The unit NEVER should be turned upside down.

#### **Temperature Control**

CellarPro cooling units are designed to turn "on" when the air temperature passing over the evaporator coils inside the cellar exceeds the **Minimum Set Point** plus the **Temperature Differential**, and turn "off" when the temperature drops below the **Minimum Set Point**. For example, if the Minimum Set Point is 58 and the Temperature Differential is 4, the cooling unit will turn on when the temperature rises above 62°F inside the cellar and will stay on until the temperature falls below 58°F. In this example, the cellar temperature will average 60°F.

#### **Basic Operation**

The cooling system is programmed with a startup delay to protect its internal components. From the factory, the startup delay is 3 minutes. Upon installation, we provide instructions for the installer to change the delay to 30 minutes.

The temperature inside the cellar can be increased or decreased by changing the Minimum Set Point as summarized below, and detailed later in this chapter.

- Press the "Set" button for three seconds until the snowflake or °F blinks
- Press "Up" or "Down" button
- Press "Set" button to confirm



If the cooling unit runs too much, you can raise the Minimum Set Point to reduce the cycle "on" time. Most wine collectors store their wine in the range of 55 - 60° F.

CellarPro cooling units are designed to maintain appropriate levels of humidity, ranging from 50 to 70 percent, inside wine cellars. In order to increase or decrease humidity inside the cellar, the **Fon** setting can be changed as described in the "Advanced Operation" section later in this chapter.

#### Humidifier (optional):

Recommended for installations where the ambient humidity is insufficient to maintain 50 to 70%RH inside the cellar. The humidity control is remote mounted with 10ft of interconnecting wire inside the cellar. Refer to separate manual for detailed installation and operating instructions for the humidifier and humidity controller.

#### Heating (optional):

The air handler can be configured with an electric air heater for installations where the cellar may drop below the desired set point. The controller is factory programmed to automatically activate the heater and the evaporator fan when the cellar temperature is below the desired set point (parameter SET) minus the temperature differential (parameter HY). For example, if the set point (Set) is 55, and the differential (HY) is 4, the heater will energize when the cellar temperature reaches 55 minus  $4 = 51^{\circ}F$ , and turn off when the cellar reaches  $55^{\circ}F$ . Refrigeration will be activated when the cellar temperature reaches 55 plus  $4 = 59^{\circ}F$ . If a tighter range is required, the HY should be set to "2" for the heating season. If an optional bottle probe is used to maintain the cellar temperature, the factory setting for HY is "1", and adjustment is not required.

900W Heater Specifications									
Power Consumption	7.8 Amps @ 115V / 60Hz								
Fan Speed	Total BTUH (including fan)								
High	4702								
Medium	4346								
Low	4218								



#### Cellar Heating Load (BTUH) for 55°F Average Cellar Temperature Humidification may be required to maintain cellar humidity levels >50%RH

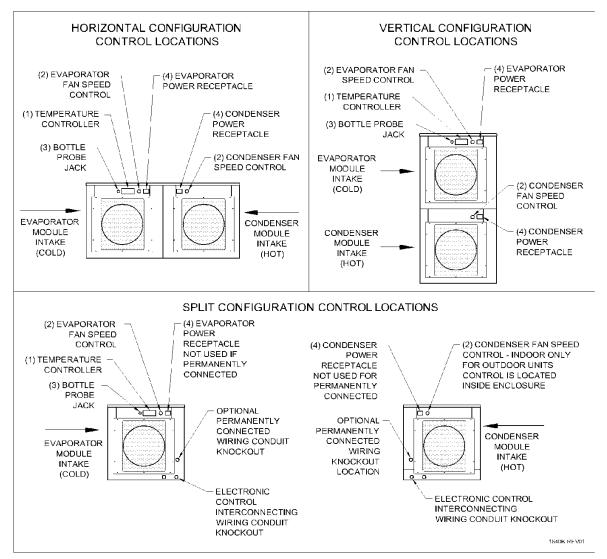
		Ambient Temperature / Insulation Type										
Cellar Dimensions	45°F			30°F			15°F			0°F		
Nominal Size (cuft)	R-12	R-19	R-30	R-12	R-19	R-30	R-12	R-19	R-30	R-12	R-19	R-30
1000	630	511	439	1574	1278	1098	2519	2045	1757	3464	2812	2416
1250	746	614	534	1864	1535	1335	2983	2456	2136	4102	3377	2937
1500	866	721	633	2164	1802	1582	3463	2883	2531	4761	3965	3481
1750	968	812	718	2419	2031	1795	3871	3250	2872	5323	4468	3949
2000	1103	934	832	2757	2336	2080	4412	3738	3328	6066	5139	4576
2250	1188	1011	904	2969	2528	2260	4751	4045	3617	6533	5562	4973
2500	1306	1119	1005	3264	2797	2513	5223	4475	4021	7182	6153	5528
2725	1398	1203	1085	3495	3007	2711	5591	4812	4338	7688	6616	5965
3025	1525	1320	1195	3813	3299	2987	6100	5279	4780	8388	7258	6572

Assumes all walls and ceiling are exposed to ambient temperature indicated. Floor is slab on grade.

= Shaded areas exceed 900W heat capacity



#### **Control Locations by Configuration**



(1) <u>Control Panel</u>: Maintains desired cellar environment. Factory settings are optimized for peak performance. Controller is described in detail in the following section.

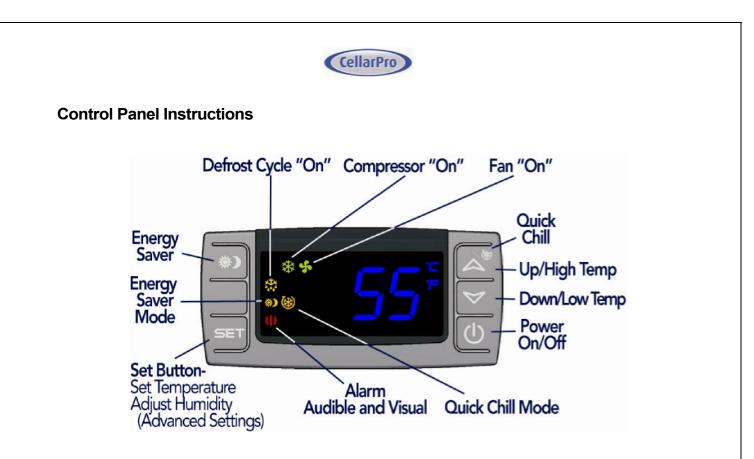
(2) Fan Speed Selector Switches (Low/Med/High): The fans on both the evaporator and condenser modules operate on 3 speed settings: Low, Medium, and High. Each fan is controlled by its own rotary switch, as indicated in the drawings. The evaporator fan switch is on the front of the evaporator. On self-contained units, the condenser fan switch is located on the condensing unit module, on the same side as the evaporator fan switch. On indoor split systems, the condenser fan switch is located on the left side of the fresh air inlet/coils. On outdoor split systems, the condenser fan switch is inside the unit on the side opposite the fresh air inlet/coils (the louvered grill on that side must be removed to access the switch). For optimum sound and energy efficiency, select the lowest fan speed that will maintain the desired cellar temperature. High speed is recommended for initial cellar pull down, extreme temperature conditions and ducted installations.



(3) <u>Bottle Probe Jack (Bottle Probe)</u>: A bottle probe is required if the evaporator (cold side) is ducted. The bottle probe is designed to plug into the face of the cooling unit and terminate inside the cellar measuring either air or liquid. Disconnecting the probe will automatically return the control to air temperature. If used to measure air temperatures, the differential (HY) on the cooling unit should be set to "4". If used to measure liquid temperature, the differential should be set to "1". To change the differential on the cooling unit, please refer to our "Advanced Operation" instructions later in this section.

(4) <u>Power receptacles: Location for power cords to connect</u>. The picture below shows how to attach the power cords using the screw holes from the panel for the clamps.





#### **Digital Display**



The temperature displayed on the control indicates the real-time air temperature as measured by Probe 1 (P1) located behind the front grill of the cooling unit.

Power "On" / "Off"



Press "Power On/Off" to turn on and off.

When the "Compressor On" indicator light is on, the Compressor is running.

When the "Fan On" indicator light is on, the Fan is running.

The cooling system is programmed with a **Startup Delay** to protect its internal components. Upon installation, we provide instructions for the installer to change the delay to 30 minutes.



#### Up and Down Buttons

To view the "High Temp" recorded by the cooling unit, press the "Up" button once.



To view the "Low Temp" recorded by the cooling unit, press the "Down" button once.

To reset the "High Temp" or "Low Temp", press the "Set" button for three seconds while "Hi" or "Lo" is displayed. "RST" will blink three times to indicate confirmation.

#### Set Button



The cooling unit is factory preset with a Minimum Set Point of 58°F and a Temperature Differential of 4°F. This means that the cooling unit will turn on when the display rises above 62°F (58°F + 4°F), and turn off when the display falls below 58°F. In this example, the average temperature inside the cellar will be 60°F.

To view the Minimum Set Point, press the "Set" button for one second.

To change the Minimum Set Point,

- Press the "Set" button for three seconds until °F" blinks
- Press "Up" or "Down" button
- Press "Set" button to confirm

The "Set" temperature will blink three times to indicate confirmation

The recommended Minimum Set Point range is 53 - 60°F. To change the Temperature Differential, see "Advanced Operation" later in this chapter.



#### **Energy Saver Button**



To activate and deactivate the "Energy Saver" mode, press the "Energy Saver" button.

The "Energy Saver" indicator light will turn on when the cooling unit is in "Energy Saver" mode.

In "Energy Saver" mode, the Minimum Set Point increases 4°F and the Temperature Differential is unchanged.

#### **Quick Chill Button**



To activate the "Quick Chill" mode, press the "Up" / "Quick Chill" button for three seconds.

To deactivate "Quick Chill", press "Quick Chill" button for three seconds again.

The "Quick Chill" indicator light will turn on when the cooling unit is in "Quick Chill" mode.

In the "Quick Chill" mode, the cooling unit will run continuously for 6 hours (or until the intake temperature registers 50°F). This mode is useful after loading "warm" bottles in a cellar.

#### Maintenance

The condenser coils on the Condensing unit will collect dust, dirt and lint over time. If the condenser coils become clogged, the cooling unit will not have proper airflow and its performance and longevity will be compromised. The condenser coils themselves also can be cleaned with a vacuum cleaner – ideally with a brush attachment to loosen dust caught between the fins.



#### **Remote Control / Display Instructions**



Digital Display	The temperature displayed on the control is red instead of blue.
Set Button	The cooling unit is factory preset with a Minimum Set Point of 58°F and a Temperature Differential of 4°F.

This means that the cooling unit will turn on when the display rises above  $62^{\circ}F$  ( $58^{\circ}F + 4^{\circ}F$ ), and turn off when the display falls below  $58^{\circ}F$ . In this example, the average temperature inside the cellar will be  $60^{\circ}F$ . To view the Minimum Set Point, press the "Set" button for one second.

To change the Minimum Set Point,

- Press the "Set" button for three seconds until the snowflake blinks
- Press "Up" or "Down" button
- Press "Set" button to confirm

The "Set" temperature will blink three times to indicate confirmation

To deactivate "Quick Chill", press the "Up" button for 3 seconds again

The recommended Minimum Set Point range is 53 - 60°F. To change the Temperature Differential, see "Advanced Operation" later in this chapter.

Quick Chill To activate the "Quick Chill" mode, press the "Up" button for 3 seconds

Button





The "Quick Chill" indicator (Row 3) light will turn on when the cooling unit is in "Quick Chill" mode,

In the "Quick Chill" mode, the cooling unit will run continuously for 6 hours (or until the unit reaches set point.). This mode is useful after loading "warm" bottles in the cabinet.

Hold the defrost button in for 3 seconds to initiate a manual defrost.

"Defrost" Indicator light (Top row) will turn on for a 20 minute defrost cycle.

Auto Defrost<br/>ModeThe cooling unit has a factory default defrost cycle that initiates every 16 hours<br/>for 20 minutes. When the cooling unit is in auto-defrost mode, the "Defrost"<br/>Indicator light (Top row) will turn on, and the evaporator fan will run.

**Manual Defrost** 



Light

The light button function is disabled, however pressing it will turn on/off the light indicator on the display (2nd row).



**Energy Saver** The remote display is not configured with an Energy Saver mode. The set point can be raised manually for periods where energy savings is desired.

The



# **Advanced Operation**

CellarPro cooling systems can be programmed with advanced settings to achieve more control over conditions inside the cellar. Conditions like humidity, the Temperature Differential, and alarm settings all can be modified for custom applications. To access the advanced settings, do the following:

Press the "Set" button and the "Down" button together at the same time, and hold for three seconds. Then, use the "Up" or "Down" button to scroll to the following screen:







HUMIDITY: The factory preset for this setting is "3".

If the humidity inside the cellar is too low, press the "Set" button, then use the "Up" button until the desired setting is reached. The recommended setting is 3.

**TEMPERATURE DIFFERENTIAL**: The factory preset for this setting is "4".

This setting determines the Temperature Differential and therefore the temperature at which the cooling unit will cycle on. The recommended setting is 4 unless using a bottle probe **in liquid**, in which case the recommended setting is 1.

**HIGH TEMPERATURE ALARM**: The factory preset for this setting is "70".

This setting designates the High temperature inside the cellar at which the alarm is triggered. We recommend leaving this setting at the factory preset.



**LOW TEMPERATURE ALARM**: The factory preset for this setting is "45".

This setting designates the Low temperature inside the cellar at which the alarm is triggered. We recommend leaving this setting at the factory preset.



**ENERGY SAVINGS MODE DIFFERENTIAL**: The factory preset for this setting is "4".

This setting controls the Temperature Differential for the Energy Savings Mode. The recommended range for this setting is 2-4.



## • Networkable Thermostat Upgrade

# Overview

Cooling units with the Networkable Thermostat ("NT") Upgrade are configured with a unit-mounted temperature display that provides troubleshooting, operational safety controls and defrost cycles. The upgrade also includes 10 feet of 18/5 thermostat wire, which must be connected to a 24VAC Networkable Thermostat.

# Compatible NTs

CellarPro has tested and approved the following NT brands/models:

- Ecobee4 Pro
- Nest
- Honeywell / Lyric T6
- Any other 24VAC HVAC Thermostat with power consumption less than 4VA

#### Installation Instructions

#### IMPORTANT: CONNECT THE TERMOSTAT WIRE TO THE NT BEFORE CONNECTING POWER TO THE COOLING UNIT.

Install the cooling unit but DO NOT connect power the cooling unit. The temperature display on the cooling must be blank, indicating no power is connected to the cooling unit. It is now safe to connect the 18/5 thermostat wire to the NT.

If the NT does not have a remote sensor, the NT must be installed inside the cellar. It is very important to locate the Thermostat in an area that gets good airflow, ideally in a location near the air return to the cooling unit.

If the NT has a remote sensor option, it may be possible to locate the main Thermostat outside the cellar, and the remote thermostat inside the cellar. Make sure to disable the temperature input from the main Thermostat, and control the cellar using the remote sensor. It is very important to locate the remote sensor in an area that gets good airflow, ideally in a location near the air return to the cooling unit.



Connect the color-coded thermostat lead wire to the NT terminals as follows:

- Red wire to terminal "Rc" (24VAC Power Supply)
- Blue wire to terminal "C" (24VAC Common)
- Yellow wire to terminal "Y1" (cooling / compressor)
- Green wire to terminal "G" (cooling unit fan)
- White wire (Integrated Heater option only) to terminal "W" or "W1" (cooling unit heater)

If the Thermostat does not have the terminal markings listed, it will be necessary to contact the Thermostat manufacturer to advise the correct terminal mapping.

Once the wires are connected to the NT, connect power to the cooling unit, and turn "on" the power on the cooling unit's digital display. The current temperature will show on the digital display. There is a factory-set startup delay of 3 minutes before the cooling unit will start to run. Upon installation, we provide instructions for the installer to change the delay to 30 minutes.

Activate the NT and begin initial set up.

# **Recommended Settings**

The following guidelines are general recommendations to optimize the NT for wine cellar applications. It will be necessary to reference the available NT menus and available options from the documentation provided with the NT.

- Set the mode to "Cool Only", unless the Integrated Heater option is specified. In that case set the mode to "Auto"
- Disable all scheduling, learning, and occupancy tracking functions. These routines are intended for comfort cooling and are not suitable for long term wine storage applications.
- If the Thermostat has a configurable minimum/maximum set point range, set the minimum to 47°F (or as low as possible) and set the maximum set point to 62°F. This is the safe operating range for CellarPro cooling units.
- Enter the desired cellar set point temperature. The NT will control the cooling unit to manage this set point temperature.
- Set fan to "Auto".
- Compressor Minimum Off Time: If this setting is disabled by default, it must be enabled, with a minimum off time for CellarPro products of 3 minutes.
- If the Thermostat allows high/low temperature alarms, we recommend the following settings: 40°F (Low) and 70°F (high).



- If the Thermostat has an adjustable temperature differential (cooling on/off range), a setting of 4°F is recommended. Many Thermostats have a tight fixed differential of 1-2°F. In this case the cooling unit will cycle more frequently than recommended. Therefore, it is advisable to set a longer Compressor Minimum Off Time to minimize frequent cycling.
- If the NT has a "Change Air Filter" reminder, set the reminder for every 3 months. This is for inspection and cleaning or replacement of the condenser filter.
- Humidity Management (for units without the Integrated Humidifier Option):
  - Humidity Management (with Ecobee4 Pro Thermostats:) The humidity level in the cellar can be maximized by allowing the cooling fans to run at the end of every cooling cycle
  - From the NT, access the "Cool Dissipation Time" parameter from Main Menu>Settings>Installation Settings Advanced Options>Thresholds and change "Cool Dissipation Time" from Auto to a recommended value of 180 seconds (3 minutes). The time can be set from 0 to 900 seconds in 30 second increments.
  - Humidity Management with Other Thermostats: our NT Update Kit is pre-programmed with a fixed "fan off delay" of 3 minutes. Therefore, at the end of each cooling cycle, the cooling unit fans will continue to run for 3 minutes.
- Integrated Humidifier Option: The humidifier cannot be controlled from the Networkable Thermostat. A separate humidistat is provided with this option that is not networkable. It must be located inside the cellar along with the NT. Refer to the Integrated Humidifier Owner's Manual for detailed instructions on setting up the humidistat. Note: The Ecobee4 NT will display the humidity level, and high/low alarms can be set, but the humidity set point can only be accessed on the separate humidistat.

# Temperature Display on Cooling Unit

The temperature display provided on the cooling unit enhances the functionality of the NT for wine cellar applications. Alarms trigger an audible alarm only at the cooling unit, the alarms are not communicated through the NT. Consult the cooling unit Owner's Manual for detailed troubleshooting information related to these alarms.

- The "Set" button has no effect since the set point is managed by the NT.
- The following parameters and functions are not available with the NT configuration: HY, FON, SET, HES, Quick Chill and Energy Saver.



- For self-contained cooling units, high and low ambient temperature alarms ("HA2"/"LA2") will behave as follows (refer to the cooling unit's Owner's Manual for addition information):
  - "HA2" alarm the compressor will shut down until it cools off.
  - "LA2" alarm will not shut down the unit and contact CellarPro asap.
- A factory preset start up delay of 3 minutes is enabled when power is first supplied to the unit. Upon installation, we provide instructions for the installer to change the delay to 30 minutes.
- The defrost cycle will be managed automatically based on the unit configuration. When the cooling unit is in defrost, "DEF" is shown on the display.
- The power button can be used to turn off the unit. When the display reads "OFF", the compressor and fans are turned off, however the NT still has 24VAC power.
- To completely shut down the system, turn off both the cooling unit and the NT, or disconnect power to the cooling unit.



# IV. Troubleshooting

#### Alarms

The cooling unit has both an audible notification and a visual alarm indicator (shown in "red" on the control panel) that are activated when an alarm is triggered. Please note: the temperature alarms (HA and LA) are disabled during the first 23 hours of operation after the cooling unit is plugged in and/or turned on.

The control panel also will flash a code for each alarm, as follows:

Alarm	What it means	What to do
P1	Probe 1, which senses the temperature inside the cellar and controls the on/off cycles of the cooling unit, has failed	The cooling unit enters a timed auto- cycle mode until Probe 1 is repaired or replaced. In this mode, the cooling unit will turn on for 12 minutes and off for 8 minutes.
		Contact CellarPro at 877.726.8496
HA	The temperature inside the	Check if the cellar has a leak
	cellar is too warm (above 70°F for more than 1 hour)	Check if door was left open
		Lower the ambient temperatures
LA	The temperature of the cellar	Raise the Set Point to 60°F
	is too cold (below 45°F)	Raise the ambient temperature
HA2	The temperature of the condenser is too high (above	Confirm that the hot-side fan is operating and on "high"
	140°F)	Contact CellarPro at 877.726.8496
LA2	The ambient temperature at the condenser coil is too cold	Contact CellarPro at 877.726.8496



# **General Conditions**

# • Cooling Unit Runs Constantly

# Improper installation, inadequate insulation, or a cellar that is too large will cause the cooling unit to run continuously and be difficult to troubleshoot.

The cooling unit is designed to turn on when the air temperature in the cellar rises ABOVE the Minimum Set Point + Temperature Differential, and turn off when the air temperature falls below the Minimum Set Point. For example, if the Minimum Set Point is  $58^{\circ}$ F and the Temperature Differential is  $4^{\circ}$ F, the cooling unit will turn above  $62^{\circ}$ F and turn off below  $58^{\circ}$  F. In this example, the average temperature inside the cellar will be  $60^{\circ}$  F.

When bottles are first loaded in the cellar, the cooling unit will run continuously (even up to a week) until the temperature inside the cellar falls below the Set Point.

Hot weather conditions, insufficient ventilation and/or dirty condenser filters may cause the cooling unit to run continuously. To reduce cycle times,

- 1. Remove any obstructions to air flow to or from the unit
- 2. Check to make sure the condenser filter is clean
- 3. Increase the supply of cool air to the space outside the condenser coils, using a fan, ducting or an exhaust system to remove heat from the space.
- 4. Raise the Minimum Set Point on the cooling unit

#### • Cooling Unit Is Producing Large Amounts of Condensate or is Dripping

The cooling unit is designed to remove excess moisture from inside the cellar, which collects in the drip pan of the cooling unit and is channeled outside the cooling unit. Excess moisture can occur when the cooling unit runs constantly, when the Minimum Set Point is too low and/or when the cellar doesn't have a good seal from the outside environment. To eliminate excess condensation, do the following:

- 1. Ensure the condensate overflow drain line is not blocked, that the drain line is trapped and the trap is filled with water.
- 2. Check that the cellar has airtight seals, including the door(s), light fixtures, and all walls, ceiling and floor.
- 3. Raise the Minimum Set Point of the cooling unit.
- 4. Check to make sure the cellar has airtight seals, including the door(s), light fixtures, and all walls, ceiling and floor.



# • The HA2 Alarm has been triggered

The cooling unit is designed to measure the temperature of the condenser coils and, if the temperature exceeds 140°F for more than 2 hours, the HA2 alarm will display on the control panel.

If this alarm happens when you first receive and start operating your CellarPro cooling unit, check for appropriate installation and ventilation (Chapter II). Also, make sure that there aren't any obstructions to the intake and/or exhaust vents. If your wine cabinet has a grill, remove the grill and/or any other obstructions above (top vent) or behind (back vent) the cellar.

If the alarm happens in conjunction with hot ambient conditions, we recommend doing the following:

- 1. Raise the Minimum Set Point to 60°F until temperatures cool down
- 2. Increase the FON setting

If the cooling unit has been operating for several months without any problems and the alarm occurs, make sure that the condenser (ie HOT side) fan is working. If so, check for any obstructions in the ductwork, and check the condenser filter and clean or replace if necessary.

# • The LA2 Alarm has been triggered

As noted above, the cooling unit is designed to measure the temperature of the condenser coils and, if the temperature drops below a certain point, the LA2 alarm will display on the control panel. Please contact CellarPro when the LA2 alarm has been triggered.

# • The Cooling Unit Won't Turn On

The cooling system is programmed with a factory preset 3-Minute Delay at startup to protect its internal components. Upon installation, we provide instructions for the installer to change the delay to 30 minutes.



# Troubleshooting Issues – All Configurations

lssue	Possible Causes	Potential Solutions		
No cooling: no refrigerant flow.	No power to compressor	Power supply to Condensing Unit interrupted. Restore power.		
If the "snowflake" icon is		Check for loose wires and reconnect.		
illuminated on the temperature display control and the	High pressure safety shutdown	Locate and correct source of high condensing head pressure		
compressor running.	/ high discharge pressure	Condenser fan not operating in ambient temperatures above 90°F. Ensure that there is power to the Condensing Unit Replace condenser fan if necessary.		
		Dirty or obstructed condenser coil: clean and remove all obstructions to airflow		
		Insufficient ventilation: reference Condensing Unit installation guidelines for proper placement and ambient temperature requirements. Correct to ensure adequate air ventilation to and from the Condensing Unit.		
	Intermittent power	Check for loose wires and secure.		
	to compressor	Compressor cycling on internal thermal overload protection. Replace start capacitor/relay assembly		
		Faulty compressor. Consult factory		
No cooling: Evaporator	No power to fan	Power supply to Evaporator interrupted. Restore power.		
fan not blowing. If the "fan" icon is illuminated on the temperature display control, the fan should be blowing air.		Power supply to fan interrupted: loose wire. Inspect for loose fan wiring and reconnect.		
	Fan obstructed	With power to unit disconnected, check the rotation of the blower fan. If fan does not spin freely, inspect for and remove obstructions. If no obstructions are found, the fan may need to be replaced. Consult factory.		
	Fan running but not drawing air through coil.	Fan short cycling: Make sure all housing panels are attached to the unit. Replace missing panels.		
		Coil is blocked with ice. Refer to the "Iced coil" section.		
Iced coil	Insufficient number of defrosts	Turn system off and melt ice from coil. Decrease the defrost interval from the default value of 16 hours by changing second level parameter "idF" to a minimum setting of 4 hours. If this corrects the problem, optimize the defrost frequency by setting and observing the system at different set points above "4" and below "16"		
	Low refrigerant charge	Leak in system. Find and repair leak, recharge system		
	Mal-functioning expansion valve.	If expansion valve is faulty, replace.		
	No airflow	See "Evaporator fan not blowing" section		



# Troubleshooting Issues – Split System Configuration Only

Issue	Possible Causes	Potential Solutions			
No cooling: no refrigerant flow.	No power to liquid solenoid valve coil	Power supply to Evaporator interrupted. Restore power.			
If the "snowflake" icon is illuminated on the	(valve control)	Power supply to solenoid coil interrupted: loose wire. Inspect for loose fan wiring and reconnect.			
temperature display control, the optional liquid line solenoid should be energized and the compressor running.	Solenoid coil failure (valve control)	When the Evaporator is powered on and off, a distinct "click" should be heard indicating the opening/closing of the solenoid valve. If not, the solenoid coil may need to be replaced. Consult factory.			
	No power to compressor	Power supply to Condensing Unit interrupted. Restore power.			
		Check for loose wires and reconnect.			
		Low pressure switch is open: make sure solenoid is energized and condensing unit service valves are open. Jumper out switch to check for a faulty switch, and replace if necessary. Note that in installations below 0°F this switch may remain open. Valve Option only. Consult factory. High pressure switch is open: make sure condensing unit service valves are open. If this does not correct the problem, refer to the "High Pressure Safety Shutdown" section.			
	High pressure safety shutdown /	Locate and correct source of high condensing head pressure:			
	high discharge pressure	Refrigeration line blockageCondenser fan not operating in ambienttemperatures above 90°F. Ensure that there ispower to the Condensing Unit and verify the fancycling control settings (optional item). Replacecondenser fan and fan cycling control ifInsufficient ventilation: reference CondensingUnit installation guidelines for proper placementand ambient temperature requirements. Correctto ensure adequate air ventilation to and from theCondensing Unit.Improper refrigerant charge: inspect for over-charged system or non-condensibles in system.Dirty or obstructed condenser coil: clean andremove all obstructions to airflow.			
	Intermittent power to compressor	Check for loose wires and secure. Compressor cycling on internal thermal overload protection. Replace start capacitor/relay assembly			
		Compressor cycling on high pressure - see "High pressure safety shutdown" section.			
		Faulty compressor. Consult factory.			



# Continued - Troubleshooting Issues – Split System Configuration Only

Issue	Possible Causes	Potential Solutions			
No cooling: Evaporator fan not blowing.	No power to fan	Power supply to Evaporator interrupted. Restore power.			
If the "fan" icon is illuminated		Power supply to fan interrupted: loose wire. Inspect for loose fan wiring and reconnect.			
on the temperature display control, the fan should be blowing air.	Fan obstructed	With power to unit disconnected, check the rotation of the blower fan. If fan does not spin freely, inspect for and remove obstructions. If no obstructions are found, the fan may need to be replaced. Consult factory.			
	Fan running but not drawing air through coil.	Fan short cycling: Make sure all housing panels are attached to the unit. Replace missing panels.			
	Ŭ	Coil is blocked with ice. Refer to the "Iced coil" section.			
Iced coil	Insufficient number of defrosts	Turn system off and melt ice from coil. Decrease the defrost interval from the default value of 16 hours by changing second level parameter "idF" to a minimum setting of 4 hours. If this corrects the problem, optimize the defrost frequency by setting and observing the system at different set points above "4" and below "16" to ensure the system is configured for maximum run time.			
	Low refrigerant charge	System charged incorrectly. Review process and correct.			
		Leak in system. Find and repair leak, recharge system.			
	Mal-functioning thermostatic expansion valve.	Incorrect superheat setting: determine superheat and adjust. If expansion valve is faulty, replace.			
		Expansion valve bulb not located correctly - review installation instructions and correct.			
		Liquid flashing at the expansion valve inlet. See "High liquid line pressure drop" section.			
	No airflow	See "Evaporator fan not blowing" section			
Insufficient liquid sub- cooling	Low refrigerant charge	System charged incorrectly. Review process and correct.			
		Leak in system. Find and repair leak, recharge system.			
	High liquid line pressure drop	Check for plugged filter drier and replace if necessary.			
		Inspect pipe routing for proper piping practices and correct.			
		Liquid line picking up too much ambient heat - may need to insulate.			



# V. Limited Warranty

For five years from the date of original delivery, your CellarPro warranty covers the internal compressor if it proves to be defective in materials or workmanship. In addition, for two years from the date of original delivery, your CellarPro warranty covers all parts and labor to repair or replace any components in the wine cooling unit that prove to be defective in materials or workmanship. The warranty will not be activated until the Warranty Activation Checklist has been completed and submitted to CellarPro. The warranty period starts from the time of purchase, regardless of the time of activation.

Under the terms of this warranty, CellarPro will repair or replace the original cooling unit with a new or refurbished cooling unit and, once replaced, the original cooling unit must be returned to CellarPro.

All service provided by CellarPro under the above warranty must be performed by a designated repair center, unless otherwise specified by CellarPro. Purchaser is responsible for shipping the cooling unit to and from CellarPro or to and from a designated repair facility, and for removing and reinstalling the cooling unit from the wine cellar.

The limited warranty applies only to cooling units purchased from the factory or an authorized dealer. Damage caused by others or by any cause beyond the control of CellarPro, shall not be considered defects in material or workmanship and are not covered by the warranty. The limited warranty does not cover any parts or labor to correct any defect caused by negligence, commercial use, accident, or improper use, maintenance, installation, service or repair.

THE REMEDIES DESCRIBED ABOVE FOR EACH WARRANTY ARE THE ONLY ONES, WHICH CELLARPRO WILL PROVIDE, EITHER UNDER THESE WARRANTIES OR UNDER ANY WARRANTY ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW. CELLARPRO WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES ARISING FROM THE BREACH OF THESE WARRANTIES OR ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRES, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other legal rights, which vary from state to state.

To receive parts and/or service and the name of a CellarPro designated repair facility nearest you, contact your CellarPro dealer. You may also contact CellarPro directly by calling us at 1.877.726.8496.

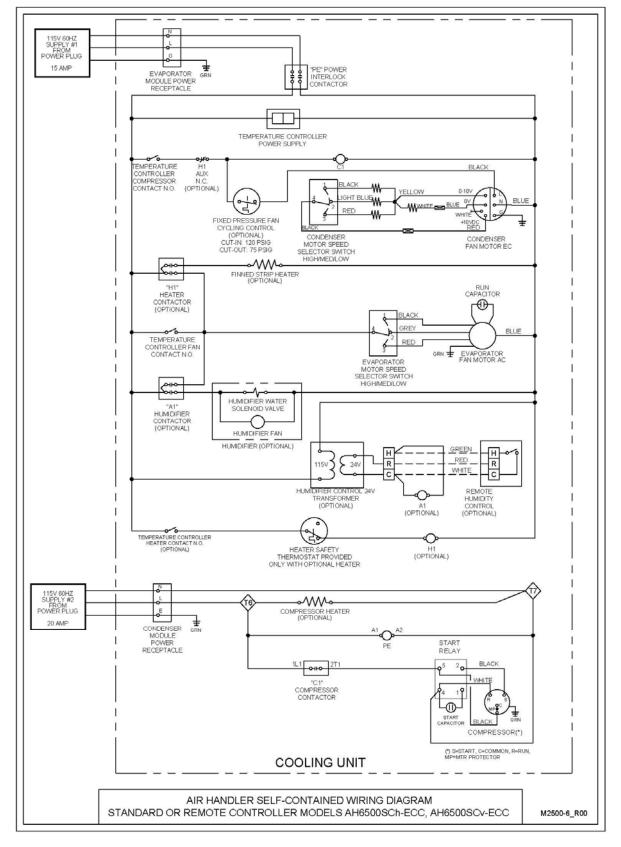


# Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500SCh-ECC, AH6500SCv-ECC

#### Appendix A

- Cord Connected





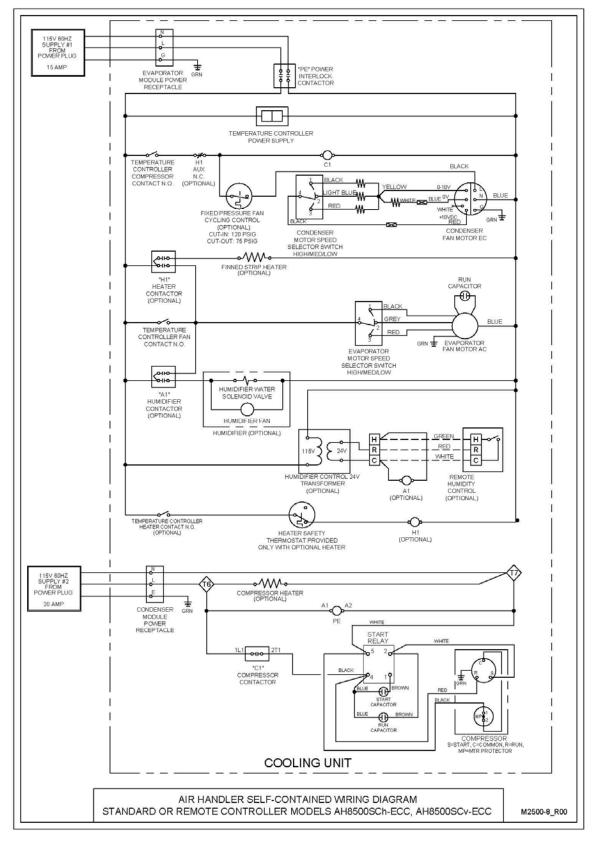


# Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500SCh-ECC, AH8500SCv-ECC

#### Appendix B

- Cord Connected



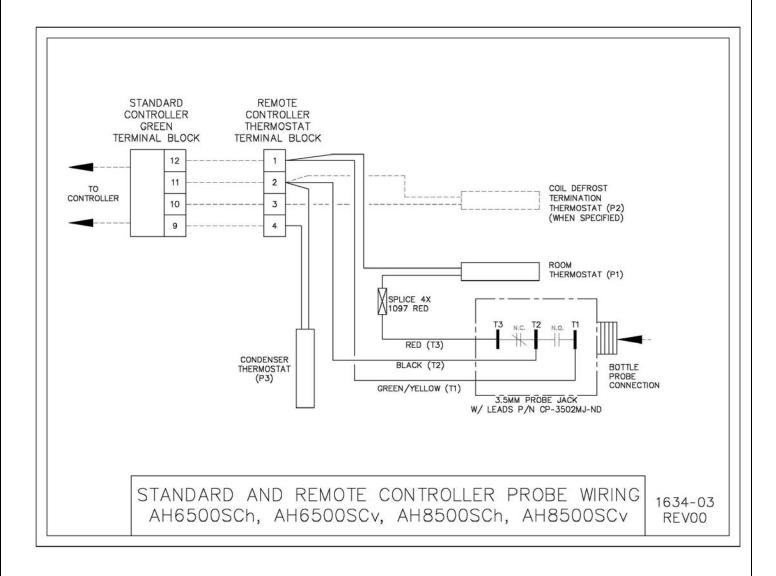


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# Wiring Diagram – Controller Probe Wiring

- Cord Connected
- Standard & Remote Controller



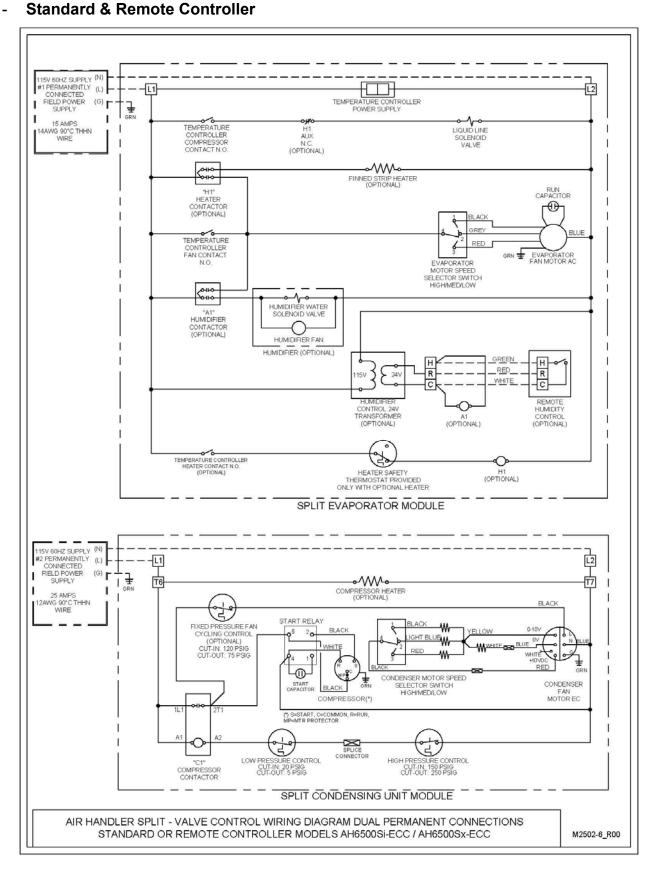
Appendix C



Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500Si-ECC, AH6500Sx-ECC

Appendix D

- Valve Control



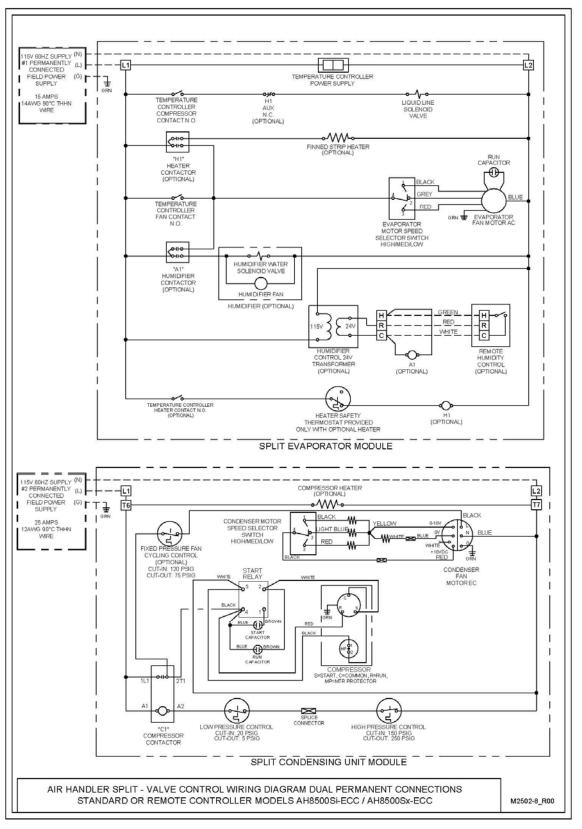


#### Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500Si-ECC, AH8500Sx-ECC

Option A: Valve Control / Dual Permanent

Appendix E

- Standard & Remote Controller

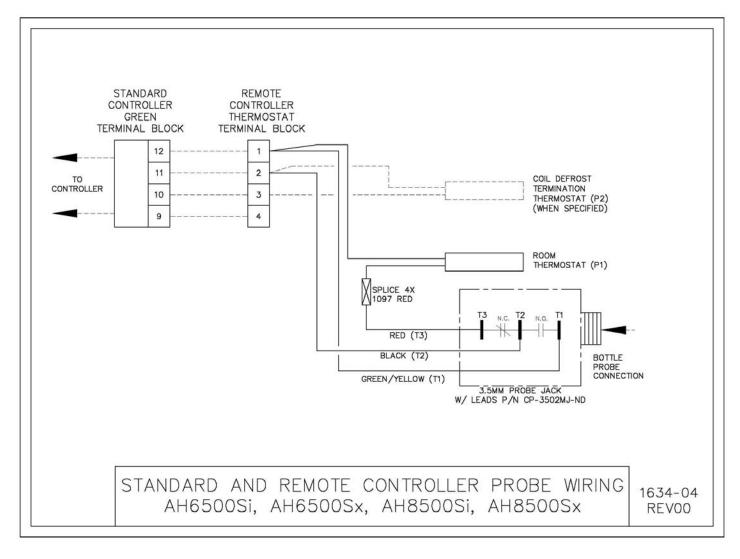




# Wiring Diagram – Controller Probe Wiring

# Appendix F

- Split System Option A, B, C
- Standard & Remote Controller

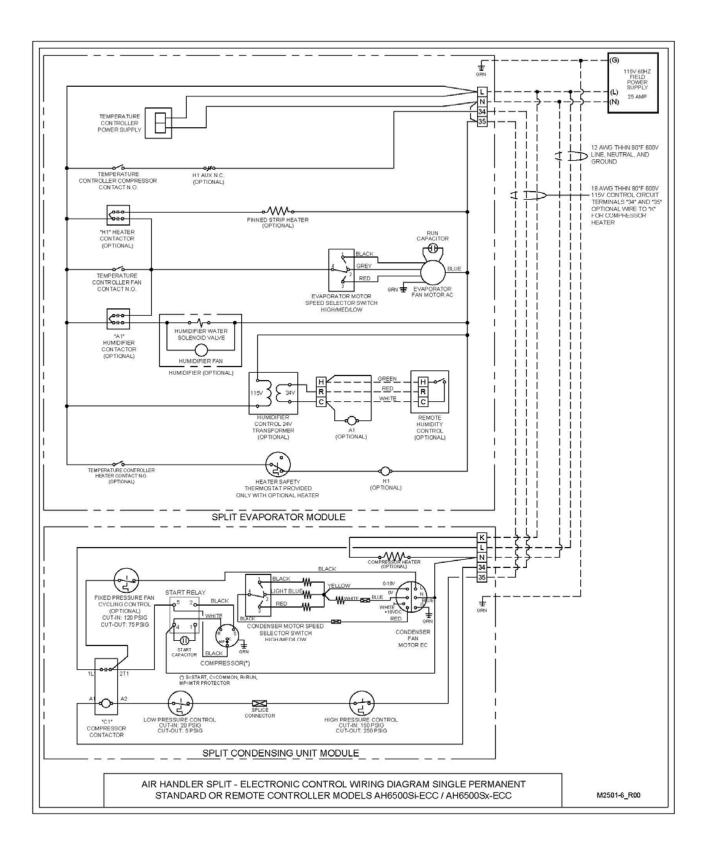




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500Si-ECC, AH6500Sx-ECC

Appendix G

- Option B: Electronic Control / Single Permanent
- Standard & Remote Controller

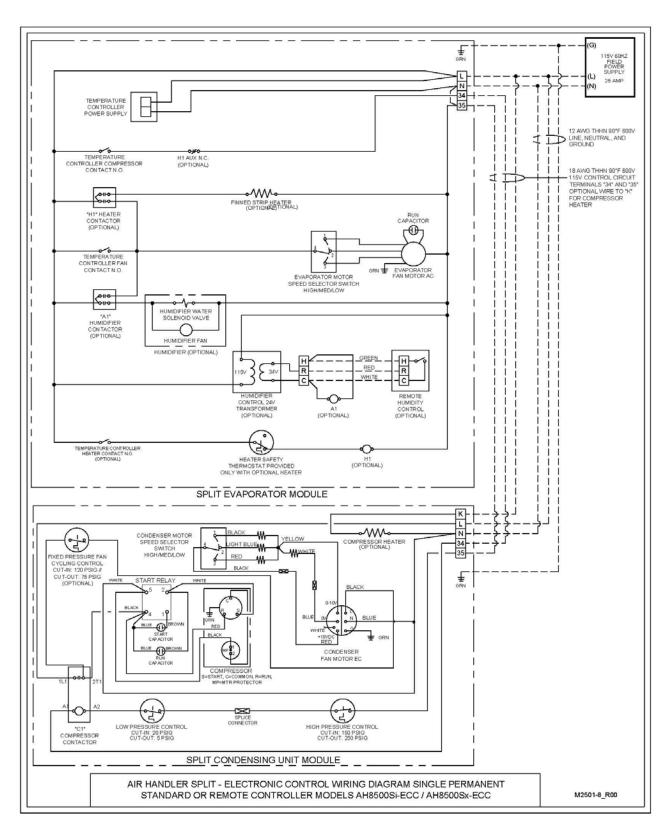




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500Si-ECC, AH8500Sx-ECC

Appendix H

- Option B: Electronic Control / Single Permanent
- Standard & Remote Controller

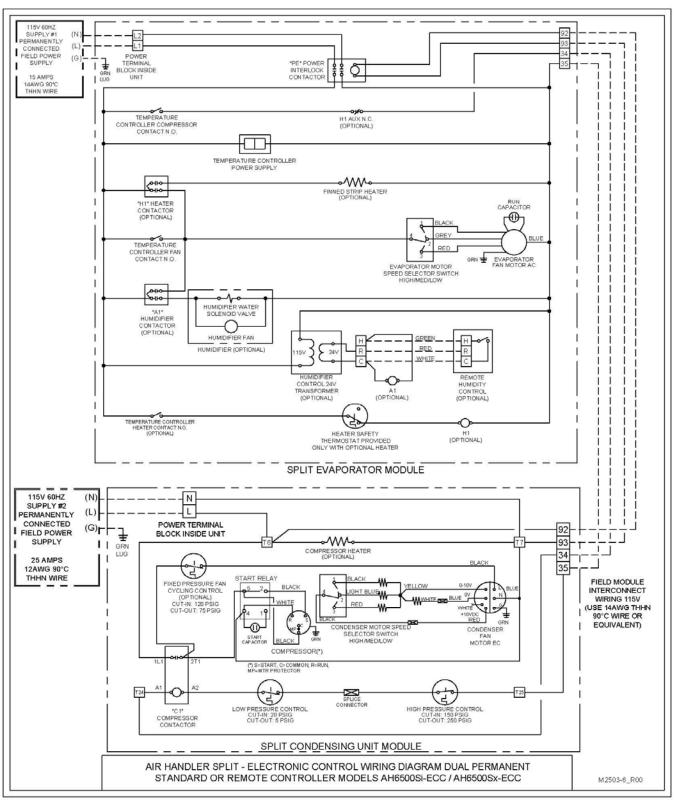




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500Si-ECC, AH6500Sx-ECC

Appendix I

- Option C: Electronic Control / Dual Permanent
- Standard & Remote Controller

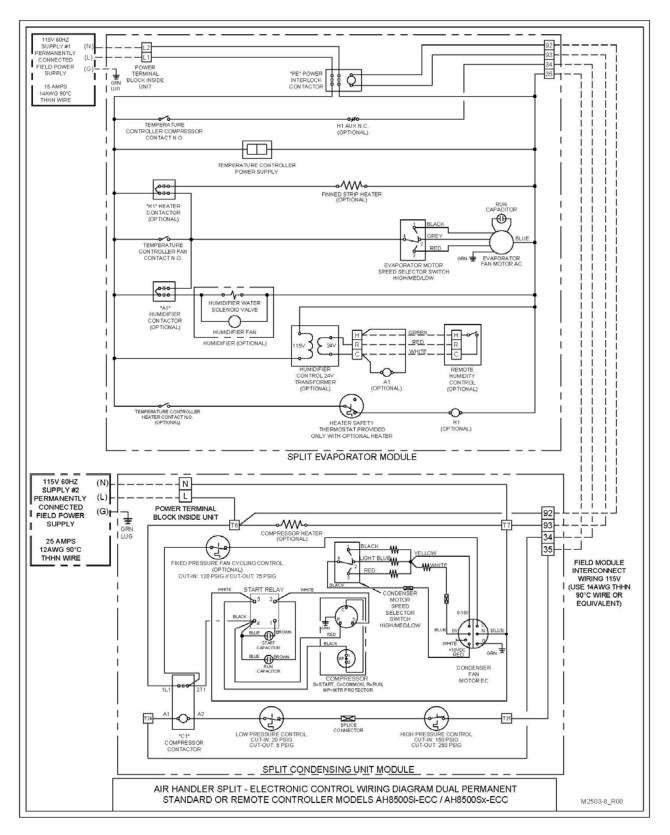




#### Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500Si-ECC, AH8500Sx-ECC

Appendix J

- Option C: Electronic Control / Dual Permanent
- Standard & Remote Controller

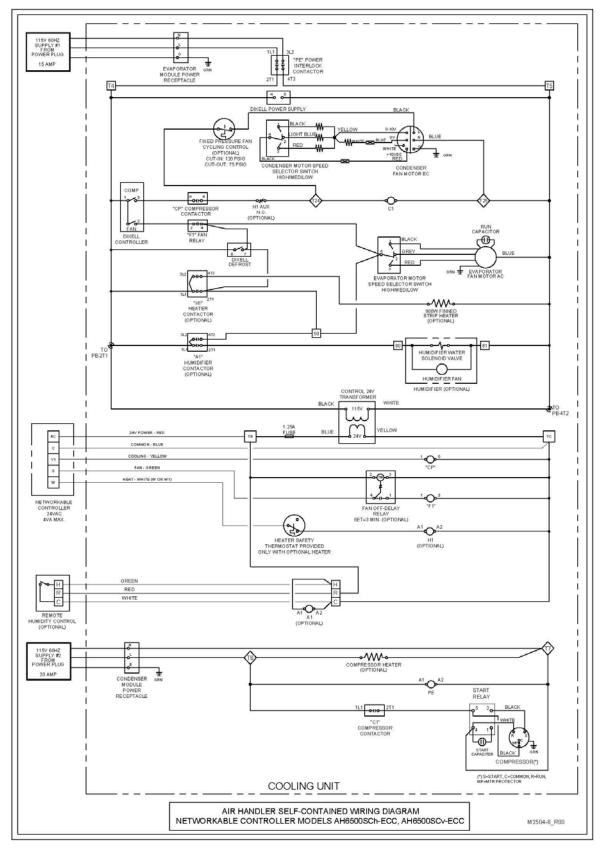




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500SCh-ECC, AH6500SCv-ECC

Appendix K

- Cord Connected
- Networkable Thermostat

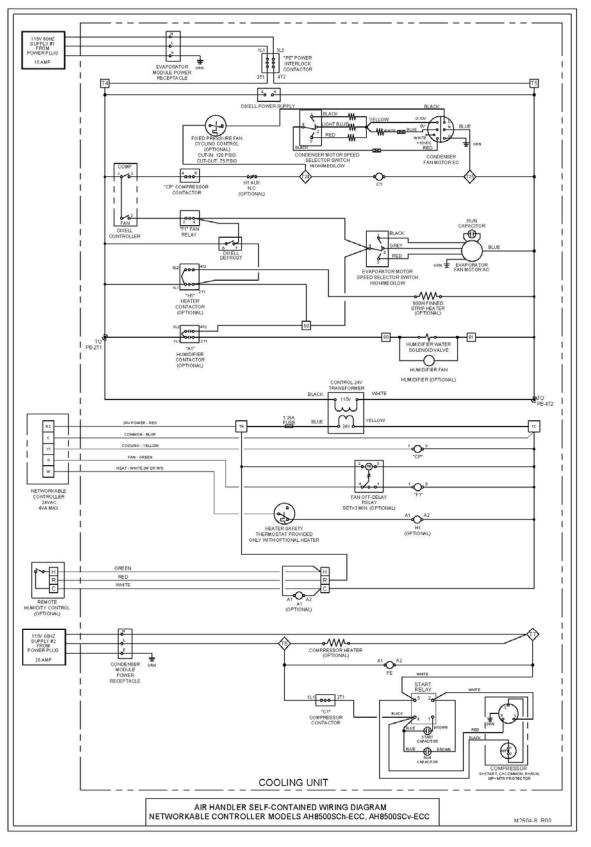


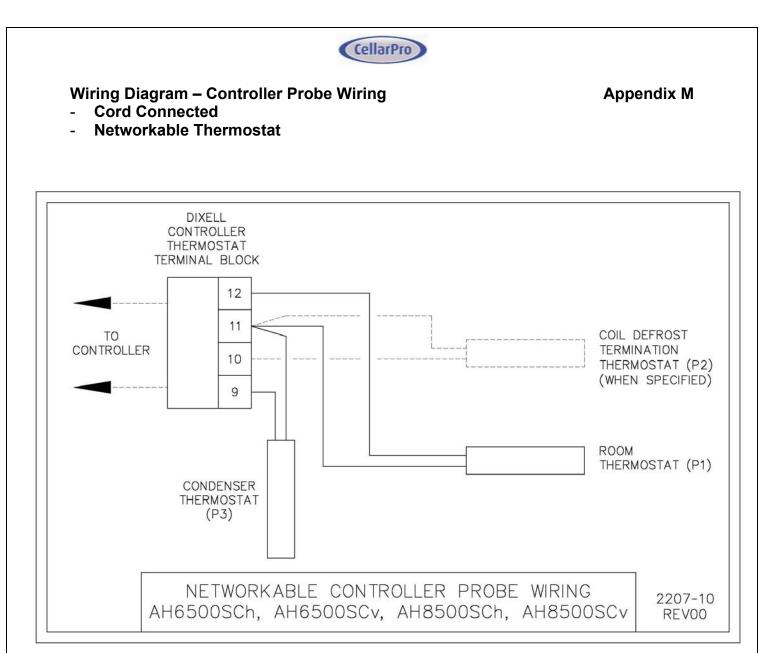


# Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500SCh-ECC, AH8500SCv-ECC

Appendix L

- Cord Connected
- Networkable Thermostat



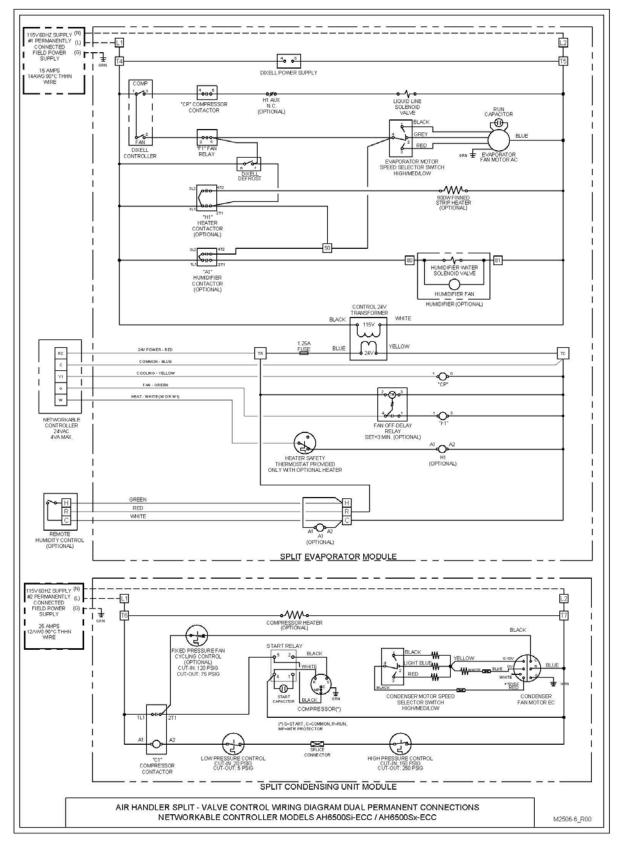




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500Si-ECC, AH6500Sx-ECC

# Appendix N

- Valve Control
- Networkable Thermostat

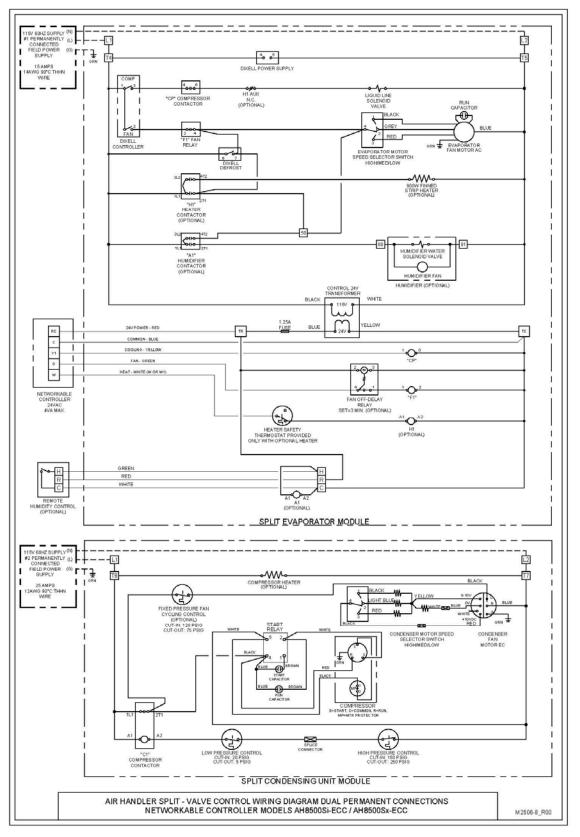




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500Si-ECC, AH8500Sx-ECC

Appendix O

- Option A: Valve Control / Dual Permanent
- Networkable Thermostat

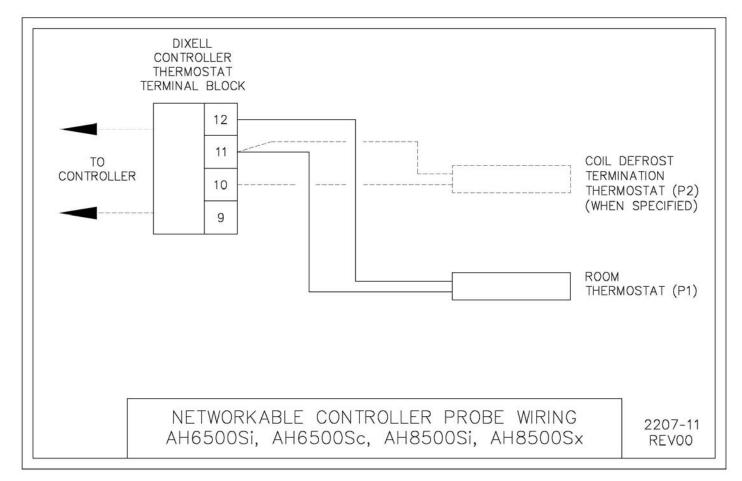




# Wiring Diagram – Controller Probe Wiring

- Split System – Option A, B, C

- Networkable Thermostat

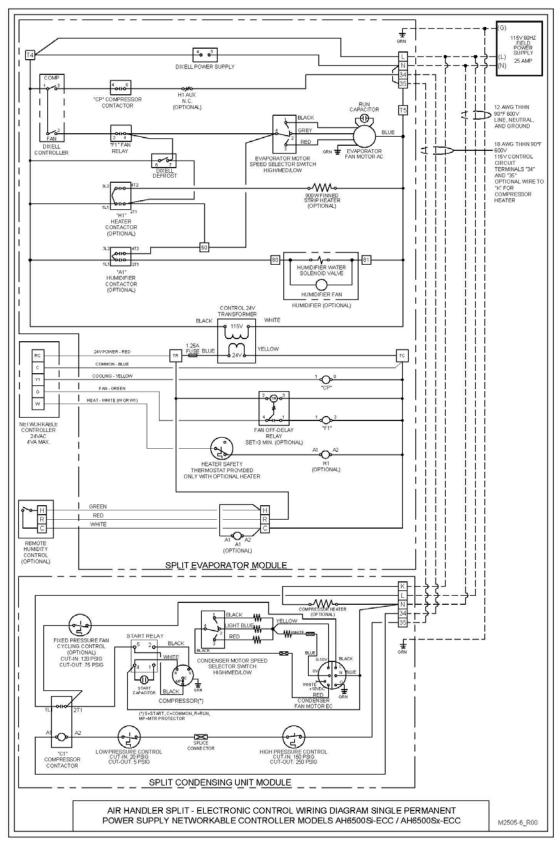




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500Si-ECC, AH6500Sx-ECC

Appendix Q

- Option B: Electronic Control / Single Permanent
- Networkable Thermostat

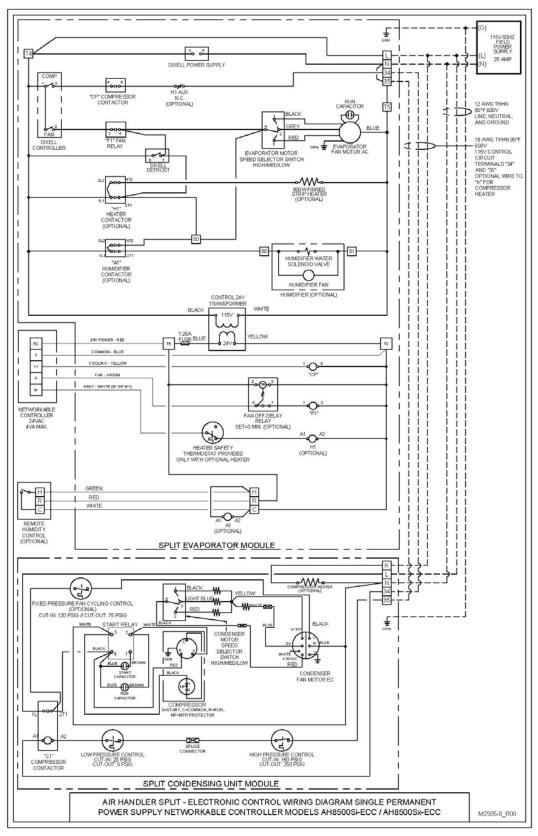




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500Si-ECC, AH8500Sx-ECC

Appendix R

- Option B: Electronic Control / Single Permanent
- Networkable Thermostat

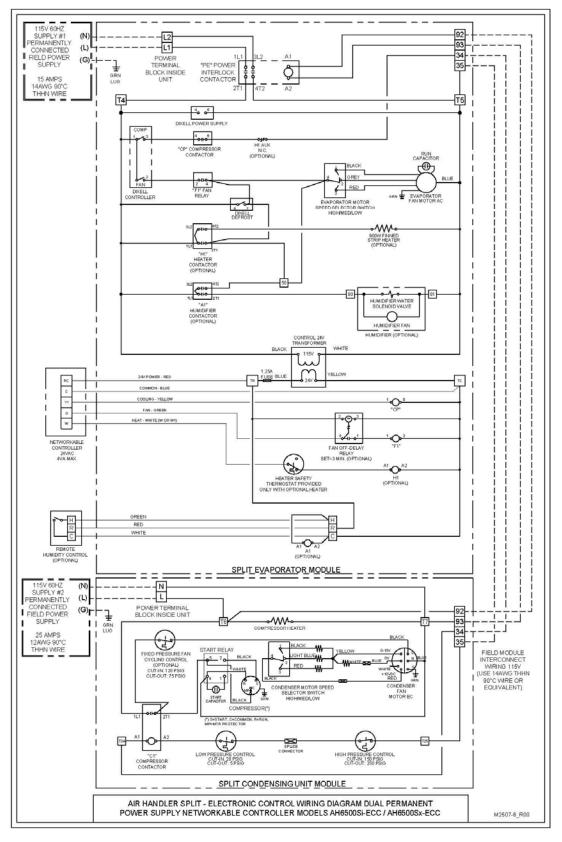




# Wiring Diagram – Models AH6500Si-ECC, AH6500Sx-ECC

Appendix S

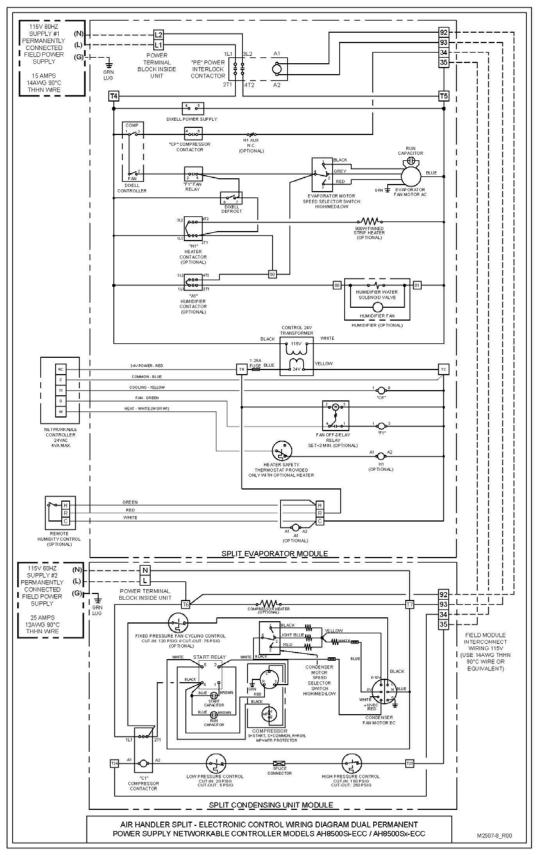
- Option C: Electronic Control / Dual Permanent
- Networkable Thermostat



#### Wiring Diagram – Models AH8500Si-ECC, AH8500Sx-ECC **Option C: Electronic Control / Dual Permanent**

#### Appendix T

- Networkable Thermostat



# \*\*REQUIRED\*\* TO ACTIVATE THE WARRANTY. INSTALLERS *MUST* FILL OUT THIS CHECKLIST AND FAX TO 707.794.8005 OR SCAN & EMAIL TO <u>INFO@CELLARPRO.COM</u>

CellarPro Split Systems must be installed by an experienced professional in adherence with industry practices and as described in the manual. If you need technical assistance during the installation, call 877.726.8496 x2.

ch Name: Tech Phone:			Date of Measurement:			
System Information		Piping	MM/DD/YY			
Customer Name			R-134a (lb)	System Charge		
Condensing Unit Model #			Line-set	Length (ft)		
Condensing Unit Serial #			Liquid line diameter (OD)			
Evaporator Model #			Suction line diameter (OD)			
Evaporator Serial #	porator Serial #		Trap installed in drain line, charged with water, and			
Operation Start Date			tested fo	or drainage (Y/N)		
Power to Condensing Unit (Check One)		From Evaporator From External Source				
Power to Compressor Heater (Check One) - 3000S – 8000S Split Systems		No Heater Wire "L1" Wire "C"			Wire "C"	
- AH6500 / AH8500S Split Systems		No Heater Terminal "L1" Termina			Terminal "K"	
Initial Refrigerant Charge Through (Check One)		Suction Access Valve Liquid Access Valve				

**Operational Data:** Take the following measurements during a normal refrigeration cycle, once the cellar has pulled down to the set-point temperature. Make sure the compressor is running when recording the data.

Evaporator						Range	
Air temp. at Evap coil (°F)	Inlet		Outlet		TD		8-10°F TD
Evaporator power supply	Volts			Amps			103-127V nameplate amps

**Condensing Unit** 

Air temp at Condenser coil (°F)	Inlet		Outlet		TD		20-30°F TD
Condenser fan status	On		Off				
Suction readings access valve	PSIG		°F		SH		25-35 PSIG 20°F Min. Superheat
Liquid readings at access valve	PSIG		°F		SC		105-180 PSIG 8-12°F Subcooling
Condensing unit power supply	Volts			Amps			103-127V nameplate amps
odS Setting	Please provide the email address to contact with the warranty activation:						